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## Modification of *AIC*-type criterion in multivariate normal linear regression with a future experiment

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ABSTRACT. In this paper we propose a modification of *Predictive AIC* which is an extension of *AIC* to an extrapolation case. This modification reduces bias for both the cases when a candidate model contains the true model and even when it does not contain the true model. Simmulation study shows that our criterion has also a good property in the mean square error.

## 1. Introduction

We consider multivariate linear regression of response variables  $y_1, \ldots, y_p$ on a subset of  $k_F$  explanatory variables  $x_1, \ldots, x_{k_F}$ . Suppose that there are *n* observations of  $y' = (y_1, \ldots, y_p)$  for each fixed explanatory variables  $x'_F = (x_1, \ldots, x_{k_F})$ . Let Y be an  $n \times p$  current observation matrix and  $X_F$  an  $n \times k_F$ current regression matrix. The multivariate linear regression model including all explanatory variables is written as

$$Y = X_F \Theta_F + \mathscr{E}, \qquad \mathscr{E} \sim N_{n \times p}(\mathcal{O}_{n \times p}, \Sigma_F \otimes I_n),$$

where  $\Theta_F$  is a  $k_F \times p$  matrix of unknown parameters,  $\mathscr{E}$  is an  $n \times p$  error matrix and the rows of  $\mathscr{E}$  are assumed to be independently distributed as a *p*variate normal distribution with mean zero and covariance matrix  $\Sigma_F$ . We call the model *current full model* or *full model*. The multivariate linear regression has been disscussed in both theoritical and applied statistics, e.g., in a theoritical statistics (Anderson (1958), Rao (1973), Silvey (1970)) and in an applied statistics (Chatterjee and Price (1977), Draper and Smith (1966), Seber (1977)). Mainly our disscussions are based on a multivariate normal distibution. Since our regression model has an normal distributed error matrix, the probability density function of the observation matrix under the full model is given by

$$f_F^Y(Y|\Theta_F,\Sigma_F) = (2\pi)^{-np/2} |\Sigma_F|^{-n/2} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tr}(Y - X_F \Theta_F)'(Y - X_F \Theta_F) \Sigma_F^{-1}\}.$$

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