

Corrections to "Module Spectra over the Moore Spectrum"

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Theorem 4.5 in [1] is false. The reason is that the proof of Lemma 4.6 in [1] is incorrect, which was kindly noticed by Professor Z. Yosimura. From Example 6.8(7) in [1], a counterexample for the theorem is constructed as follows: Let V and $X = C(g)$ be the spectra in the example. Then the sequence $[M \wedge X, X]_0^M \xrightarrow{(1 \wedge i_g)^*} [M \wedge V, X]_2^M \xrightarrow{(1 \wedge g)^*} [M \wedge V, X]_1^M$ is $0 \rightarrow Z_p \rightarrow 0$, which is not exact.

Since this theorem played an essential role in the proofs of Lemma 6.5 and Theorem 6.6 in [1], we must add some assumptions to these results as well as Theorem 4.5 to complete them. In another paper [2] we used [1, Th. 4.5] to simplify several proofs and we must also correct their proofs, cf. [2, Note on p. 446].

1. Corrections to Theorems 4.5 and 6.6 in [1].

1-1. Theorem 4.5 in [1] should be replaced by the following, and Lemma 4.6 in [1] should be deleted.

THEOREM 4.5'. *In a cofiber sequence*

$$\Sigma^k X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{i} C(f) \xrightarrow{\pi} \Sigma^{k+1} X,$$

assume that all spectra are associative M -module spectra and all maps are M -maps. Let Z be an M -module spectrum having the element in [1, Condition 7.1]. Then the following sequences are exact:

$$\begin{aligned} \cdots \longrightarrow [Z, X]_{j-k}^M \xrightarrow{f^*} [Z, Y]_j^M \xrightarrow{i^*} [Z, C(f)]_j^M \xrightarrow{\pi^*} [Z, X]_{j-k-1}^M \longrightarrow \cdots, \\ \cdots \longrightarrow [X, Z]_{j+k+1}^M \xrightarrow{\pi^*} [C(f), Z]_j^M \xrightarrow{i^*} [Y, Z]_j^M \xrightarrow{f^*} [X, Z]_{j+k}^M \longrightarrow \cdots. \end{aligned}$$

PROOF. By the direct sum decompositions for $[Z,]_*$ and $[, Z]_*$ in [1, Th. 7.5], these exact sequences are easily derived from the usual ones of $[Z,]_*$ and $[, Z]_*$.

1-2. Lemma 6.5 in [1] should be replaced by the following

LEMMA 6.5'. *Let G be a finite Z_q -module and Y be an associative M_q -*