

## On a product formula for a class of nonlinear evolution equations

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### §0. Introduction

This work is concerned with the initial value problem of the form

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(IVP; } u_0) \quad & (d/dt)u(t) + \partial\phi u(t) \ni Bu(t), \quad t > 0, \\ & u(0) = u_0, \end{aligned}$$

where  $\phi$  is a proper lower semicontinuous (l.s.c.) convex functional on an abstract real Hilbert space  $\mathbf{H}$ ,  $\partial\phi$  is its subdifferential and  $B$  is a single-valued operator in  $\mathbf{H}$  with domain  $D(B)$  containing the effective domain  $D(\phi)$  of  $\phi$ . Initial value problems of this type have been studied by many authors (e.g. [5, 11, 12, 13]).

Let  $\{S(\tau); 0 \leq \tau < \infty\}$  be the nonlinear contraction semigroup on  $\overline{D(\phi)}$  generated by  $-\partial\phi$ , and  $\{V(\tau); 0 \leq \tau < \infty\}$  a one-parameter family of single-valued operators  $V(\tau)$  in  $\mathbf{H}$  with  $D(V(\tau)) \supset D(B)$  such that  $\tau^{-1}(V(\tau) - 1) \rightarrow B$  as  $\tau \downarrow 0$  in a certain sense. (However the family  $\{V(\tau)\}$  is not assumed to be a contraction semigroup on  $\overline{D(B)}$ .) In this paper it is our main interest to establish an existence theorem for (IVP;  $u_0$ ) by showing that

$$(0.1) \quad u_n(t) = [V(\tau(n))S(\tau(n))P]^{[t/\tau(n)]}u_0 \longrightarrow u(t) \quad \text{in } \mathbf{H} \quad \text{as } n \rightarrow \infty$$

and

$$\phi(S(\tau(n))P u_n(t)) \longrightarrow \phi(u(t)) \quad \text{in } \mathbf{R} \quad \text{as } n \rightarrow \infty$$

for a suitable subsequence  $\{\tau(n)\}$  with  $\tau(n) \downarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ , where  $P$  is the projection from  $\mathbf{H}$  onto  $\overline{D(\phi)}$  and  $[s]$  denotes the greatest integer in  $s \in \mathbf{R}$ .

In case  $-B$  is the subdifferential of a proper l.s.c. convex functional  $\phi$  on  $\mathbf{H}$ , i.e.  $B = -\partial\phi$ , it was shown by Kato and Masuda [7] that

$$[S'(\tau)P'S(\tau)P]^{[t/\tau]}u_0 \longrightarrow u(t) \quad \text{in } \mathbf{H} \quad \text{as } \tau \downarrow 0 \quad \text{for } t \in [0, \infty)$$

and the convergence is uniform on  $[0, T]$  for each  $0 < T < \infty$ , where  $\{S'(\tau); 0 \leq \tau < \infty\}$  is the nonlinear contraction semigroup on  $\overline{D(\psi)}$  generated by  $-\partial\psi$  and  $P'$  the projection from  $\mathbf{H}$  onto  $\overline{D(\psi)}$ . This result is a nonlinear analogue of Trotter's product formula for linear nonnegative self-adjoint operators (cf. [2, 6]) and the family  $\{T(\tau); 0 \leq \tau < \infty\}$  defined by  $T(t)u_0 = u(t)$ ,  $u_0 \in \overline{D(\phi)} \cap \overline{D(\psi)}$ , gives