

## Maximal extensions of ordered fields

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The notion of maximal ordered fields was first introduced in [2] and [3] by the authors. The existence and the uniqueness for a given rank were mainly discussed there.

In this paper, we say that  $K$  is a *maximal extension* of an ordered field  $F$  if  $\psi_{K/F}$  is bijective and  $K$  is a maximal ordered field. The aim of this paper is to develop several basic properties of maximal extensions. Namely, for maximal extensions  $K_i/F_i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ) and a given isomorphism  $\sigma: F_1 \simeq F_2$  as ordered fields, there exists an extension  $\sigma': K_1 \simeq K_2$  of  $\sigma$ ; we also show that there can be infinitely many such extensions. Moreover we show that, for any extension  $K/F_1$  such that  $K$  is a maximal ordered field, there exists an  $F_1$ -embedding  $K_1 \rightarrow K$ .

### §1. Maximal extensions

For an ordered field  $F$ ,  $A_0 := A(F, \mathbb{Q}) = \{a \in F; |a| < b \text{ for some } b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$  is the finest valuation ring, that is, every convex valuation ring of  $F$  is a localization of  $A_0$  and conversely. The set  $\mathcal{C}(F)$  of all convex valuation rings of  $F$  is a totally ordered set under the inclusion relation. Let  $G_0$  be the value group of the finest valuation defined by  $A_0$ . It is clear that  $\mathcal{C}(F)$  is isomorphic to the set  $\mathcal{H}(F)$  of all convex subgroups of  $G_0$  as totally ordered sets. If  $K/F$  is an extension of ordered fields, we have a surjection  $\psi_{K/F}: \mathcal{C}(K) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(F)$  defined by  $\psi(B_i) = B_i \cap F$ ,  $B_i \in \mathcal{C}(K)$  (cf. [2], §1). A pair  $(A, B)$  of subsets of  $F$  is called a cut of  $F$  if  $A \cup B = F$  and  $a < b$  for any  $a \in A$  and  $b \in B$ , where  $A$  or  $B$  may be an empty set. It follows from [1], Theorem 1.2, that if  $F$  is real closed, then there is a one to one correspondence between the set of all cuts of  $F$  and the set of all orderings of  $F(x)$ , where  $F(x)/F$  is a simple transcendental extension. For a subset  $C$  of  $F$  and an element  $a$  of  $F$ , we write  $C < a$  if  $c < a$  for any  $c \in C$ . We say that  $K$  is a maximal ordered field if  $\psi_{L/K}$  is not bijective for any proper extension  $L/K$  of ordered fields (cf. [3], Definition 2.1).

**DEFINITION 1.1.** For an ordered field  $F$ , let  $K/F$  be an extension of ordered fields. When  $K$  is a maximal ordered field and  $\psi_{K/F}$  is bijective, we say that  $K$  is a *maximal extension* of  $F$ .

For any ordered field  $F$ , there exists a maximal extension of  $F$  by [3], Theorem 3.3.

**LEMMA 1.2.** *Let  $F$  be a real closed field and  $K$  be a maximal extension of  $F$ . Let*