On Poincaré four-complexes with free fundamental groups

Friedrich HEGENBARTH and Salvina PICCARRETA (Received June 8, 1999) (Revised October 23, 2001)

ABSTRACT. Let X be a closed connected and oriented PL manifold whose fundamental group π_1 is a free group of rank p. Let Λ be the integral group ring of π_1 . Then $H_2(X, \Lambda)$ is Λ -free (see [6]). We show that there is a bijective correspondence between homotopy equivalence classes of 4-dimensional Poincaré complexes Y with $Y^{(3)} \cong X^{(3)}$ and invertible hermitian matrices of type k over Λ , where k is the rank of $H_2(X, \Lambda)$.

1. Introduction.

By a Poincaré 4-complex we understand a 4-dimensional CW-complex Y with a fundamental class $[Y] \in H_4(Y, \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}$ inducing isomorphisms

$$\bigcap [Y]: H^q(Y, \Lambda) \to H_{4-q}(Y, \Lambda),$$

where $\Lambda = \mathbb{Z}[\pi_1(Y)]$ is the integral group ring of the fundamental group. Since we will discuss only fundamental groups which are freely generated, e.g., by *p* generators, there will be no Whitehead torsion. Therefore they will be finite Poincaré complexes in the sense of [8]. We can also assume that *Y* is obtained from the 3-skeleton $Y^{(3)}$ of *Y* by attaching only one 4-cell (see [8], p. 30), i.e., $Y = Y^{(3)} \cup_{\varphi} D^4$, where $\varphi : \mathbb{S}^3 \to Y^{(3)}$ is the attaching map. The following result of T. Matumoto and A. Katanaga will be crucial for our discussion (see [6], Proposition 2).

PROPOSITION 1.1. Let X be a closed PL four-manifold with $\pi_1 = *^p \mathbf{Z}$. Then $X^{(3)}$ is homotopy equivalent to $\bigvee^p (\mathbf{S}^1 \vee \mathbf{S}^3) \vee (\bigvee^k \mathbf{S}^2)$.

Let us suppose X to be a PL 4-manifold, hence $\pi_2(X) = H_2(X, \Lambda)$ is Λ -free of rank k. Recall the Whitehead exact sequence ([9])

$$0
ightarrow arGamma(\pi_2)
ightarrow \pi_3(X^{(3)})
ightarrow H_3(X^{(3)}, arLambda)
ightarrow 0,$$

where $\Gamma(\pi_2)$ is the (quadratic) Γ -functor applied to the abelian group $\pi_2(X^{(3)}) = H_2(X, \Lambda)$. Note that $H_3(X^{(3)}, \Lambda)$ is Λ -free of rank p. There are canonical

²⁰⁰⁰ Mathematics Subject Classification. 57N65, 57R67, 57Q10.

Key words and phrases. Poincaré complexes, Free fundamental groups, Homotopy type, Hermitian forms.