ON AN INVARIANT TENSOR UNDER A CL-TRANSFORMATION

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Tashiro and Tachibana showed some characteristic properties of Fubinian and C-Fubinian manifolds in their paper [6], where the notion of C-loxodromes was introduced in an almost contact manifold with affine connection.

The purpose of the present paper is to obtain an invariant tensor, that is, a tensor which is left invariant under a *CL*-transformation between two almost contact manifolds with symmetric affine connections. And Takamatsu and Mizusawa have performed the similar consideration about infinitesimal *CL*-transformations. [2].

§1. Preliminaries. [4, 5, 7, 8].

Let there be given, in an N-dimensional differentiable manifold M of class C^{∞} , a non-null tensor field f of type (1, 1) and of class C^{∞} satisfying $f^{3}+f=0$. When the rank of f is constant everywhere and is equal to r, such a structure is called an f-structure of rank r. r is necessarily even.

Now, let M be a (2n+1)-dimensional differentiable manifold of class C^{∞} for which the second axiom of countability holds true. If there exist a mixed tensor f_{j^i} , a contravariant vector field f^i and a covariant vector field f_j , all of which are of class C^{∞} , satisfying the conditions:

$$f^i f_i = 1, \qquad f_j^i f_{k'} = -\delta^i_k + f^i f_k,$$

then such a manifold M is said to have an almost contact structure (f_j^i, f_i, f_j) of class C^{∞} and we call the manifold an almost contact manifold of class C^{∞} .

It is well-known that in a manifold with an almost contact structure (f_{j^i}, f^i, f_j) of class C^{∞} , there exists a positive definite Riemannian metric g_{ji} , which is called a Riemannian metric associated with the almost contact structure, such that

$$f_i = g_{ij}f^j, \qquad g_{ji}f_h{}^jf_k{}^i = g_{hk} - f_hf_k.$$

We call the set $(f_{j^i}, f^i, f_j, g_{ji})$ an almost contact metric structure and a manifold with an almost contact metric structure $(f_{j^i}, f^i, f_j, g_{ji})$ of class C^{∞} is called an almost contact metric (or Riemannian) manifold of class C^{∞} .

In a (2n+1)-dimensional differentiable manifold with an almost contact structure (f_j^i, f^i, f_j) , the following properties are satisfied:

(1.1)
$$f^{i}f_{i}=1,$$

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