

ON THE CONCURRENT VECTOR FIELDS OF IMMERSED MANIFOLDS

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Let R^m be an m -dimensional Riemannian manifold¹⁾ with covariant derivative D and let $x: M^n \rightarrow R^m$ be an immersion of an n -dimensional manifold M^n into R^m . A vector field X in R^m over M^n is called a *concurrent vector field*²⁾ if we have $dx + DX = 0$, where dx denotes the differential of the immersion x . In particular, if X is a normal vector field of M^n in R^m , then the vector field X is called a *concurrent normal vector field*.

The main purpose of this paper is to study the behavior of the concurrent vector fields of immersed manifolds and also find a characterization of the concurrent vector fields with constant length.

§1. Preliminaries.

Let R^m be an m -dimensional Riemannian manifold with covariant derivative D . By a frame e_1, \dots, e_m , we mean an ordered set of m orthonormal vectors e_1, \dots, e_m in the tangent space at a point of R^m . The frame e_1, \dots, e_m defines uniquely a dual coframe $\bar{\omega}_1, \dots, \bar{\omega}_m$ in the cotangent space and vice versa. The fundamental theorem of local Riemannian geometry says that in a neighborhood U of a point p there exists uniquely a set of linear differential forms $\bar{\omega}_{AB}$ satisfying the conditions:

$$(1) \quad \bar{\omega}_{AB} + \bar{\omega}_{BA} = 0,$$

and

$$(2) \quad d\bar{\omega}_A = \sum \bar{\omega}_B \wedge \bar{\omega}_{BA},$$

where here and in the sequel the indices A, B, \dots run over the range $\{1, \dots, m\}$. The linear differential forms $\bar{\omega}_{AB}$ are called the connection forms and the covariant derivative DX of a vector field $X = \sum X_A e_A$, is given by

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1) Manifolds, mappings, tensor fields and other geometric objects are assumed to be differentiable and of class C^∞ .

2) In [3], a vector field X is called a concurrent vector field if there exists a function f such that $dx + D(fX) = 0$, but in this paper, we adopt the above definition.