J. Math. Soc. Japan Vol. 36, No. 2, 1984

On an invariant of homology lens spaces

By Shinji FUKUHARA

(Received Dec. 4, 1982) (Revised April 13, 1983)

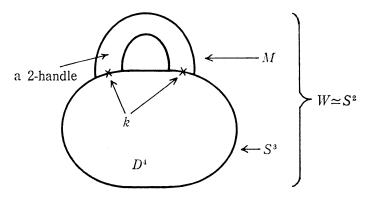
§1. Introduction.

In this paper we study problems concerning the following two questions:

QUESTION 1. Which 3-manifold (or lens space) can be obtained from S^3 by integer surgery on a knot?

QUESTION 2. Which 3-manifold (or lens space) bounds a compact 4-manifold that is a homology S^2 ?

These two questions are related each other. In fact, if a 3-manifold M is obtained from S^{3} by integer surgery on some knot k, then M bounds a compact 4-manifold W which is homotopy equivalent to S^{2} .



Concerning Question 2, Fintushel-Stern [F-S] observed that a lens space L(p, q) bounds a homology S^2 only if q is a quadratic residue mod p. They and N. Maruyama showed that, in some special but non-trivial cases of p and q, L(p, q) is obtained from S^3 by integer surgery on a knot. To the best of our knowledge, these are all known results for Questions 1 and 2.

We study the above questions for the 3-manifolds which have the same homology type as L(p, 1). In §5 a certain new invariant is defined for some class of 3-manifolds and it is proved that vanishing of the invariant is necessary for such manifold to bound a homology S^2 . In §6 we calculate the invariant

This research was partially supported by Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (No. 58540044), Ministry of Education.