Diffeomorphism groups and classification of manifolds

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§0. Introduction.

The purpose of this paper is to investigate the groups of the pseudodiffeotopy classes of diffeomorphisms of manifolds, which are total spaces of disk bundles over spheres or sphere bundles over spheres. The results are applied to the diffeomorphism classification of simply-connected manifolds, which are homological tori.

Let Diff M denote the group of orientation preserving diffeomorphisms of an oriented manifold M and let $\tilde{\pi}_0$ (Diff M) denote the group of pseudo-diffeotopy classes of Diff M. Let \mathcal{E}_f and \mathcal{F}_f be the D^{q+1} bundle over S^p and S^q bundle over S^p with characteristic map $f: S^{p-1} \to \mathrm{SO}_{q+1}$. In § 1, we study $\tilde{\pi}_o$ (Diff \mathcal{E}_f). In case where $\mathcal{E}_f = S^p \times D^{q+1}$, we prove the following theorem.

THEOREM 1.5. Let p < 2q-1. The order of $\tilde{\pi}_0$ (Diff $S^p \times D^{q+1}$) is equal to the order of the direct sum group π_p (SO_{q+1}) $\oplus \mathbb{Z}_2$.

The concordance classes of (framed) embeddings of S^q in \mathcal{F}_f are discussed in §2. The set of framed embedding classes are related to the pairing

$$\mathbf{F}: \pi_{p-1}(\mathrm{SO}_q) \times \pi_q(S^p) \to \pi_{q-1}(\mathrm{SO}_p)$$

introduced by Wall [14]. In § 3, we define a map C from $\tilde{\pi}_0$ (Diff $S^p \times S^q$) to Θ^{p+q+1} and study its properties. Making use of the results of § 1~3, the study of $\tilde{\pi}_0$ (Diff \mathcal{F}_f) is carried out in § 4. In case $\mathcal{F}_f = S^p \times S^q$, we obtain the following theorem.

THEOREM 4.17. For p < q < 2p-4, the order of $\tilde{\pi}_0$ (Diff $S^p \times S^q$) is equal to the order of the direct sum group

$$Z_2 \oplus \pi_p(\mathrm{SO}_{q+1}) \oplus \pi_q(\mathrm{SO}_{p+1}) \oplus \Theta^{p+q+1}$$

In § 5, as an application of our results in § 4, we deal with the classification of manifolds which satisfy the conditions,

$$M: \text{ closed and simply connected} \\ H_i(M) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{Z} & \text{ for } 0, p, q+1, p+q+1 \\ 0 & \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right\}$$
(*)
$$\pi_p(\text{SO}_{q+1}) = 0 \\ p < q < 2p-4 \end{array}$$