## A Deformation Theorem on Conformal Mapping.

Masatsugu Tsuji.

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We will prove the following deformation theorem on conformal mapping. **Theorem 1.** Let D be a simply connected domain on the z-plane, which contains z=0 and is contained in |z| < M. Let E be a continuum, which contains z=0 and is contained in D, such that a disc of radius  $\rho$  about any point of E is contained in D. If we map D conformally on |w| < 1 by w=w(z), z=z(w) (w(o)=o), then the image of E is contained in |w| < 1-k < 1, where  $k=k\left(\frac{\rho}{M}\right)$  depends on  $\frac{\rho}{M}$  only.

We can take

$$k = \frac{\rho}{4M} e^{-\alpha \frac{M^2}{\rho^2}} (\alpha = \frac{64\pi}{\sqrt{3}} \log \frac{32}{9} < 100).$$

Proof. We cover the z-plane by a net of regular triangles  $\Delta_i$  of sides  $\frac{\rho}{4}$ , whose vertices are  $z_{m,n} = m\frac{\rho}{4}e^{\frac{\pi i}{3}} + n\frac{\rho}{4}(m, n=0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \cdots)$ . It is easily seen that if  $\Delta_i$  contains a point of E, then a disc of radius  $\frac{3\rho}{4}$  about a vertex  $\zeta_i$  of  $\Delta_i$  is contained in D, so that  $\Delta_i$  is contained in D and w(z) is regular and schlicht in  $|z-\zeta_i|<\frac{3\rho}{4}$ . Let  $\Delta_1,\Delta_2,\cdots,\Delta_N$  be the triangles which contain points of E, where z=0 is a vertex of  $\Delta_i$ , then since the area of  $\Delta_i$  is  $\frac{\sqrt{3}\rho^2}{64}$  and is contained in |z|< M,

$$N < \mu = \frac{64 \pi M^2}{\sqrt{3} \rho^2}.$$
 (1)

Let  $z_0$  be any point of E and let  $z_0$  be contained in  $A_{n_0}$   $(n_0 \leq N)$ , then since E is a continuum, there exists a chain of triangles:

$$\Delta_1, \Delta_2, \cdots, \Delta_{n_0} \qquad (n_0 \leq N),$$

where  $\Delta_i$ ,  $\Delta_{i+1}$  have a common side, so that  $|\zeta_i - \zeta_{i+1}| = \frac{\rho}{4}$  and each  $\Delta_i$  con-