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Conformal Mapping of Polygonal Domains.*

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§ 1. Introduction.

It is well known that a function, which maps a circular disc or a half-plane onto the interior of a polygon, is given by the formula of Schwarz-Christoffel. Let w=f(z) be such a function and let the image-polygon, laid on w-plane, have *m* vertices corresponding to the points a_{μ} ($\mu=1,...,m$) on z-plane. Denoting by $a_{\mu}\pi$ ($0 < a_{\mu} < 2$) the interior angle at vertex $f(a_{\mu})$, the Schwarz-Christoffel formula may be written as follows:

$$f(z) = C \int_{\mu=1}^{z} \prod_{\mu=1}^{m} (a_{\mu} - z)^{\alpha_{\mu} - 1} dz + C', \qquad (1 \cdot 1)$$

where C and C' are both constants depending on position and magnitude of image-polygon.

The present author has previously shown that this formula can be generalized to the case of analogous mapping of doubly-connected domains.¹⁾ We may take, as a standard doubly-connected basic domain, an annular domain $q < |z| < 1, -\lg q$ being a uniquely determined conformal invariant, i. e. the so-called *modulus (Modul)* of given polygonal domain. Let the boundary components corresponding to circumferences |z|=1 and |z|=q be polygons with m and n vertices respectively. Let further $a_{\mu}\pi$ and $\beta_{\nu}\pi$ denote the interior angles (with respect to each boundary polygon itself) at vertices $f(e^{i\varphi_{\mu}})$ and $f(qe^{i\psi_{\nu}})$ respectively. The mapping function w=f(z) is then given by the formula

^{*)} A preliminary report under the same title has been published in Ködai Math. Sem. Rep. Nos. 3-4 (1949), 47250.

¹⁾ Y. Komatu, Darstellungen der in einem Kreisringe analytischen Funktionen nebst den Anwendungen auf konforme Abbildung über Polygonalringgebiete. Jap. Journ. Math. 19 (1945), 203-215.