

Characterizations of the $\bar{\partial}$ -cohomology groups for a family of weakly pseudoconvex manifolds

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Introduction.

On strongly pseudoconvex manifolds one can know the finiteness or the vanishing of the $\bar{\partial}$ -cohomology groups by the method of a priori estimate ([1, 5, 9]).

In the case of the $\bar{\partial}$ -problem on weakly pseudoconvex manifolds, the method of a priori estimate seems to be less powerful (for instance, see [6, 7, 10, 13, 14]).

Let T^n be a complex n -dimensional torus and $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ the Picard group, that is, the group of holomorphic line bundles on T^n with Chern class zero. Let $E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n)$. In [4] Grauert showed that there exists a C^∞ weakly pluri-subharmonic exhaustion function on E . So we can regard $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ as a family of weakly pseudoconvex manifolds.

In this paper we obtain a criterion for the $\bar{\partial}$ -cohomology in this family $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$, using the theory of Diophantine approximation.

It was known that $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ is again a complex n -dimensional torus. Concretely we give an isomorphism $i: \mathbf{C}^n/\Lambda \cong \text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ in Lemma 1, where Λ is a discrete lattice of rank $2n$ in \mathbf{C}^n . We define on $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ the invariant distance

$$d(E, F) := \min\{\|a - b + c\|; i(a + \Lambda) = E, i(b + \Lambda) = F, c \in \Lambda\},$$

where $\|(z_1, \dots, z_n)\| := \max |z_i|$. The unit element of the group $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$ is denoted by $\mathbf{1}$. We put

$$Q := \{E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n); E^l = \mathbf{1} \text{ for some } l \geq 1\}.$$

Using Diophantine approximation on $\{d(\mathbf{1}, E^l); l \geq 1\}$, we define the following subsets of $\text{Pic}^0(T^n)$.

$$\mathcal{P} := \{E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n); \inf_{l > 1} \exp(al) d(\mathbf{1}, E^l) > 0 \text{ for any } a > 0\}.$$

$$\mathcal{R} := \{E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n) \setminus Q; \inf_{l > 1} \exp(al) d(\mathbf{1}, E^l) = 0 \text{ for some } a > 0\}.$$

$$\mathcal{P}^* := \{E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n); \inf_{l > 1} \exp(al) d(\mathbf{1}, E^l) > 0 \text{ for some } a > 0\}.$$

$$\mathcal{R}^* := \{E \in \text{Pic}^0(T^n) \setminus Q; \inf_{l > 1} \exp(al) d(\mathbf{1}, E^l) = 0 \text{ for any } a > 0\}.$$

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