

Segal-Becker theorem for KR -theory

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§ 1. Introduction.

The purpose of this paper is to prove the following result.

THEOREM 1.1. *Let X be a based finite \mathbf{Z}_2 -complex in the sense of [5]. Then there exists a natural split epimorphism*

$$\lambda_* : \{X, CP^\infty\}_{\mathbf{Z}_2} \longrightarrow \tilde{K}_R(X).$$

As corollaries of this theorem we deduce the results of G. Segal [12] and J. C. Becker [4].

First we fix our notation.

Let X be a compact based \mathbf{Z}_2 -space and let

$$\tilde{K}_R(X) = K_R(X, *)$$

be the reduced KR -group of Atiyah [2]. If X and Y are based \mathbf{Z}_2 -spaces, then $[X, Y]_{\mathbf{Z}_2}$ denotes the set of \mathbf{Z}_2 -homotopy classes of based \mathbf{Z}_2 -maps from X to Y . Let $\mathbf{R}^{p,q}$ be the representation of \mathbf{Z}_2 on \mathbf{R}^{p+q} given by

$$g(x_1, \dots, x_{p+q}) = (-x_1, \dots, -x_p, x_{p+1}, \dots, x_{p+q}), \quad g \in \mathbf{Z}_2,$$

and let $\Sigma^{p,q} = (\mathbf{R}^{p,q})^c$ be the one-point compactification of $\mathbf{R}^{p,q}$. Then we define the stable \mathbf{Z}_2 -homotopy group $\{X, Y\}_{\mathbf{Z}_2}$ to be $\lim_{\substack{\longrightarrow \\ n}} [\Sigma^{n,n} \wedge X, \Sigma^{n,n} \wedge Y]_{\mathbf{Z}_2}$. Let CP^n be the complex projective space with the involution σ given by

$$\sigma[z_0, \dots, z_n] = [\bar{z}_0, \dots, \bar{z}_n].$$

The construction of λ_* is given as follows.

Let BR denote a classifying space for stable Real vector bundles so that $\tilde{K}_R(X) = [X, BR]_{\mathbf{Z}_2}$. (We shall give a specific model for BR in § 3.) For a \mathbf{Z}_2 -space X ,

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