

On the fundamental conjecture of *GLC* II.

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This paper is a continuation of our former papers [1], [2]. In [1] we have extended Gentzen's logic calculus *LK* (Gentzen [3]) to *GLC* (generalized logic calculus) and shown that the "fundamental conjecture" of *GLC* would mean the consistency of the analysis. Here and in the following, we shall mean by the "fundamental conjecture" (abbrev. *FC*) of a logical system the theorem of the type: Every provable sequence in the logical system in question is provable without cut in the same logical system. Now *G¹LC* is a subsystem of *GLC* obtained from *LK* by introducing *f*-variables with *n* argument-places $\alpha[*_1, \dots, *_n]$ ($n \geq 1$) (for terminology see [2]). It was also shown in [1] that *FC* of *G¹LC* would imply the consistency of the theory of real numbers. In [2] we have proved *FC* on a certain subsystem of *G¹LC* (containing of course *LK* of Gentzen), from which the consistency of the theory of natural numbers follows.

The purpose of the present paper is to prove *FC* on two more subsystems of *G¹LC*, which will be called *PL* and *QL*. *PL* is obtained from *LK* by introducing *f*-variables without argument-place α, β, \dots *) *QL* is a subsystem of *G¹LC* containing only proof-figures having no inference \forall on variables of type (0).

We give the proof only for the case of *QL*, but it is easy to see that our proof holds also for *PL*; one has only to put the number *n* of argument-places of *f*-variables to 0 everywhere in the proof, and to notice that the essential point of the proof depends on the following circumstance. Suppose there appears an inference \forall on *f*-variable in a proof-figure. We shall denote with \mathfrak{S} this inference.

*) *f*-variables without argument-place α, β, \dots may be considered as $\alpha'[1], \beta'[1], \dots$, where α', β', \dots are *f*-variables with one argument-place and 1 is a fixed special variable. Thus *PL* is a subsystem of *G¹LC*.