

Borel's direction of a meromorphic function in a unit circle.

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1. Analogue of Biernacki-Rauch's theorem.

Let $f(z)$ be a meromorphic function of finite order $\rho > 0$ for $|z| < \infty$, then Valiron¹⁾ proved that there exists a Borel's direction $J: \arg z = \theta_0$, which satisfies the following condition. Let $\omega: |\arg z - \theta_0| < \delta$ be any small angular domain, which contains J and $z_\nu(a, \omega)$ be zero points of $f(z) - a$ in ω , multiple zeros being counted only once, then for any $\varepsilon > 0$,

$$\sum_{\nu} \frac{1}{|z_{\nu}(a, \omega)|^{\rho - \varepsilon}} = \infty$$

with two possible exceptions for a .

If $f(z)$ is of divergence type, then

$$\sum_{\nu} \frac{1}{|z_{\nu}(a, \omega)|^{\rho}} = \infty$$

with two possible exceptions for a .

This Valiron's theorem is generalized by Biernacki and Rauch as follows.

Let $g(z)$ be a meromorphic function of order $< \rho$ for $|z| < \infty$, and $z_{\nu}(f=g, \omega)$ be zero points of $f(z) - g(z)$ in ω , multiple zeros being counted only once, then for any $\varepsilon > 0$,

$$\sum_{\nu} \frac{1}{|z_{\nu}(f=g, \omega)|^{\rho - \varepsilon}} = \infty$$

1) G. Valiron: Recherches sur le théorème de M. Borel dans la théorie des fonctions méromorphes. Acta Math. 52 (1928). M. Tsuji: On Borel's directions of meromorphic functions of finite order. Tohoku Math. Journ. 2 (1950).