

## On a conformal mapping with certain boundary correspondences.

Akira MORI.

(Received, Oct. 1, 1949)

Given any set of points  $E$  on the unit circle  $C$  of  $z$ -plane, we shall treat in this paper the problem to map the interior of  $C$  conformally on a schlicht domain  $D$  so that the set  $E$  corresponds to a set of accessible boundary points of  $D$  all lying on one and the same point of the plane.

In order to simplify the wording, we call a half straight-line on  $w$ -plane:  $\arg w = \text{const.}$ ,  $\infty \geq |w| \geq \text{const.} > 0$ , an infinite radial slit.

First, we consider the case where the set  $E$  is finite.

**Theorem 1.** *Let  $z_1, \dots, z_n$  be  $n$  points on  $C$  associated with  $n$  positive numbers  $a_1, \dots, a_n$ , whose sum is equal to 1. Then, there exists a function  $w = w(z)$ , which maps the interior of  $C$  conformally on a domain  $D$ , so that: 1.  $D$  is the whole  $w$ -plane cut along  $n$  infinite radial slits, 2.  $z_k$  corresponds to the accessible boundary point of  $D$  lying on  $w = \infty$ , which is determined by an angular domain between two of these slits including an angle  $2\pi a_k$  at  $w = \infty$ , and 3.  $w(0) = 0$ ,  $w'(0) = 1$ . Under these conditions the mapping function is uniquely determined and is given by*

$$(1) \quad w = w(z) = z \prod_{k=1}^n \left(1 - \frac{z}{z_k}\right)^{2a_k}.$$

**Proof.** We construct a potential function  $u(z)$  on  $z$ -plane, whose singularities are

$$\log |z| \quad \text{at } z=0,$$

$$\log \frac{1}{|z|} \quad \text{at } z=\infty,$$

and

$$2a_k \log \frac{1}{|z - z_k|} \quad \text{at } z = z_k.$$

Denoting the conjugate potential of  $u(z)$  by  $v(z)$ , we put

$$w(z) = \text{const. exp. } \{u(z) + iv(z)\}.$$