## PROJECTIVE MODULES OVER SEMILOCAL RINGS

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Let R be a commutative ring with a unit element. If there exist no proper ideals  $\mathfrak{a}$ ,  $\mathfrak{b}$  such that  $R = \mathfrak{a} \bigoplus \mathfrak{b}$ , then R is said to be indecomposable. If the number of maximal ideals of R is finite, then R is said to be semilocal. In [6], I. Kaplansky proved that, over a local ring, any projective module is free. Our objective in this paper is to generalize his theorem into

THEOREM. Over a commutative indecomposable semilocal ring, any projective module is free.

Every ring considered in this paper has a unit element which acts as unit operator on any module. A denotes a ring (not always commutative) and R denotes a commutative ring. Modules are always left modules.

## 1. Some lemmas on projective modules. We begin with a trivial

LEMMA 1. Let L, M, N be modules over a ring  $\Lambda$  such that  $L \supset M \supset N$ . If N is a direct summand of L, N is a direct summand of M.

PROOF. Let  $L = N \bigoplus N'$ . Then we have  $M = N \bigoplus (N' \cap M)$ .

LEMMA 2. Let P be a projective module over a ring  $\Lambda$  and p an element of P. If  $p \notin \mathfrak{m} P$  for any maximal right ideal  $\mathfrak{m}$  of  $\Lambda$ , then  $\Lambda p$  is a direct summand of P and p is a free basis of  $\Lambda p$ , where  $\mathfrak{m} P$  is the image of  $\mathfrak{m} \bigotimes_{\Lambda} P$  $\rightarrow P$  by the natural map.

**PROOF.** Let F be a free module such that  $F = P \oplus Q$ ,  $\{u_i\}$  a basis of F;

$$p = \sum_{i=1}^{n} r_i u_i, r_i \in R;$$
  
 $u_i = p_i + q_i, p_i \in P, q_i \in Q$ 

Then we have that the right ideal  $(r_1, \ldots, r_n)$  generated by  $r_i$  is equal to  $\Lambda$ , since, if  $r_i \in \mathfrak{m}$  for a maximal right ideal  $\mathfrak{m}$ , we have

$$p=\sum r_i p_i,$$

i.e.,  $p \in \mathfrak{m} P$ . Therefore there exist elements  $s_1, \ldots, s_n$  in  $\Lambda$  such that