## NOTE ON GENERALIZED INFORMATION FUNCTION

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(Received May 17, 1976)

Abstract. Solution of a functional equation, connected with entropy, directed divergence, inaccuracy and their generalization of type  $\beta$  etc. is obtained without the assumption of any regularity condition on the functions involved.

1. Introduction. In [3], the following functional equation

$$(1.1) \qquad f(x) + (1-x)^{\beta}g(y/(1-x)) = h(y) + (1-y)^{\beta}k(x/(1-y)),$$

for  $x, y \in [0, 1[$  with  $x + y \in [0, 1]$ ,  $\beta \neq 1$ , was considered, giving the details of its association with entropy of type  $\beta$  [2], directed divergence of type  $\beta$  [9] and inaccuracy of type  $\beta$  [10]. For  $\beta \rightarrow 1$ , these measures reduce to Shannon's entropy [11], directed divergence [6] and inaccuracy [5].

In this paper, the functional equation (1.1) is solved by simple and direct method, without any further assumption on the functions, by reducing (1.1) to a similar form involving only one function,

$$(1.2) u(x) + (1-x)^{\beta} u(y/(1-x)) = u(y) + (1-y)^{\beta} u(x/(1-y)) .$$

REMARK 1. If  $u: [0, 1] \to R$  (reals) is a solution of (1.2), then  $v(x) = u(x) - u(1)x^{\beta}$  is also a solution of (1.2) with v(x) = v(1 - x), that is, with v symmetric. Then the solution of (1.2) can be obtained from [1, 8], for  $\beta \neq 1$ . So, no generality is lost in considering the symmetric solution of (1.2). Thus the general solution of (1.2) for  $\beta \neq 1$  is given by  $u(x) = A[x^{\beta} + (1 - x)^{\beta} - 1] + Bx^{\beta}$ .

2. Solution of (1.1). Let  $f, h: [0, 1[ \rightarrow R, g, k: [0, 1] \rightarrow R$ , satisfy the functional equation (1.1) for  $x, y \in [0, 1[$  with  $x + y \in [0, 1]$ , where  $\beta(\neq 2)$  is positive.

For x = 0, (1.1) gives

$$(2.1) h(y) = g(y) + b_1(1-y)^{\beta} + b_2, \text{ for } y \in [0, 1[, ])$$

where  $b_1$ ,  $b_2$  are constants.

With y = 1 - x in (1.1), (1.1) becomes with the help of (2.1),

 $(2.2) f(x) = g(1-x) + c_1 x^{\beta} + c_2 (1-x)^{\beta} + b_2, \text{ for } x \in ]0, 1[, ]$