

## OPERATING FUNCTIONS ON SOME SUBSPACES OF $L_p$

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(Received September 5, 1967)

1. Let  $L^2(0, 2\pi)$  be the set of all square integrable functions defined on  $(0, 2\pi)$  and continued by periodicity. We set

$$A_{\beta, \delta}(f) = \left[ \int_0^1 \frac{dt}{t^{2-\beta/2+\delta}} \left\{ \int_0^{2\pi} |f(x+t) - f(x-t)|^2 dx \right\}^{1/2} \right]^{1/\beta}$$

for  $f \in L^2(0, 2\pi)$ , where  $1 \leq \beta \leq 2$  and  $3\beta/2 - 1 > \delta > \beta/2 - 1$ .

We define a space  $A_{\beta, \delta}$  by

$$A_{\beta, \delta} = \{f : A_{\beta, \delta}(f) < \infty\}.$$

If  $f \in A_{\beta, \delta}$  and  $f_a(x) = f(x-a)$ , then  $A_{\beta, \delta}(f_a) = A_{\beta, \delta}(f)$ , if  $c$  is a constant, then  $A_{\beta, \delta}(cf) = |c| A_{\beta, \delta}(f)$  and if  $f, g \in A_{\beta, \delta}$ , then  $A_{\beta, \delta}(f+g) \leq A_{\beta, \delta}(f) + A_{\beta, \delta}(g)$  by Minkowski's inequality.

We shall characterize the complex valued function  $\varphi$  of a complex variable which operates in  $A_{\beta, \delta}$  i.e.  $\varphi(f) \in A_{\beta, \delta}$  for all  $f \in A_{\beta, \delta}$ , where  $\varphi(f)(x) = \varphi(f(x))$ .

2. Let the Fourier series of  $f \in L^2(0, 2\pi)$  be

$$f(x) \sim \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{in x}.$$

For  $\beta$  and  $\delta$  which satisfy the above conditions, we set

$$B_{\beta, \delta}(f) = \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-\beta/2+\delta} \left( \sum_{|k|>n} |c_k|^2 \right)^{\beta/2} \right\}^{1/\beta}$$

$$C_{\beta, \delta}(f) = \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-3\beta/2+\delta} \left( \sum_{|k|\leq n} |c_k|^2 k^2 \right)^{\beta/2} \right\}^{1/\beta}.$$