## THE FUNCTIONAL EQUATION OF ZETA DISTRIBUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH FORMALLY REAL JORDAN ALGEBRAS

Dedicated to Prof. M. Koecher on his sixtieth birthday

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The purpose of this paper is to give an explicit expression for the Fourier transform of the zeta distributions on a certain class of prehomogeneous spaces defined by Jordan algebras.

Let V be a formally real simple Jordan algebra over R. Let  $\dim V = n$  and  $\operatorname{rk} V = r$  (for definition, see 1.1). We fix a (positive definite) inner product on V defined by

$$\langle x, y \rangle = \frac{r}{n} \operatorname{tr}(T_{xy}) \quad (x, y \in V) ,$$

where  $T_x$  denotes the linear transformation of V defined by  $T_x(y) = xy$ . The "structure group" of V,  $G = \operatorname{Str}(V)$  (see 1.2), is then self-adjoint with respect to  $\langle \ \rangle$ , and hence is a reductive algebraic group. It is well-known that the pair (G,V) is a (real) prehomogeneous vector space in the sense of Sato-Shintani [6], i.e. if one denotes by  $G_c$  and  $V_c$  the complexifications of G and V, respectively,  $G_c$  is transitive on the Zariski-open set

$$V_c^{\times} = \{x \in V_c \, | \, N(x) \neq 0\}$$

(see [5c]). Here N denotes the "reduced norm" of V, which is an absolutely irreducible homogeneous polynomial function on V of degree r, characterized by the property:

(2) 
$$N(1) = 1$$
,  $N(gx) = \det(g)^{r/n} N(x)$   $(g \in G^{\circ}, x \in V)$ ,

where  $G^{\circ}$  is the identity connected component of G.

The set of real invertible elements  $V^{\times} = V \cap V_c^{\times}$  is decomposed into the disjoint union of r+1 (open)  $G^{\circ}$ -orbits:

$$V^{ imes}=\coprod_{i=0}^r arOmega_i$$
 ,

where  $\Omega_i$  is the set of elements of signature (r-i, i) ([5c]). In particular,