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On Strong Essential Cluster Sets

1. Let H , R and M^* stand for the open upper half plane, real line and Lebesgue outer measure, respectively. M^* is linear or planar; the choice will be clear from the context. Let $L(x)$ denote the ray in H emanating from $x \in R$ in the direction $\pi/2$ and let $L(x,r)$ be a segment of $L(x)$ with one end at x and of length r .

Let $\{I\}$ be the collection of closed rectangles of the form $[a,b] \times [0,k]$, $a < 0 < b$, a , b and k are rationals. For $I \in \{I\}$ let $I(x_0)$ denote the closed rectangle obtained by mapping (x,y) into $(x_0 + x, y)$. The strong outer upper density of a set $E \subset H$ at x is defined by

$$d_s^*(E,x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\sup_{D(I) < 1/n} \left\{ \frac{M^*(I(x) \cap E)}{M^*(I(x))} : I \in \{I\} \right\} \right]$$

where $D(I)$ denotes the diameter of I .

The directional upper outer density of a set $E \subset H$ at x in the direction $\frac{\pi}{2}$ is defined by

$$\bar{d}^*(E,x) = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \sup \frac{M^*(E \cap L(x,r))}{r}$$

In particular, if the sets concerned are measurable then M^* and d^* will be replaced by M and d , respectively.

Let $f : H \rightarrow W$, where W is a topological space. The strong essential cluster set $C_s(f,x)$ of f at x is the set of all $w \in W$ such that for every open set U of W containing w , $\bar{d}_s^*(f^{-1}(U),x) > 0$.