SEPARABLE FUNCTORS IN COALGEBRAS. APPLICATIONS

By

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Introduction

The notion of separable functor was introduced in [5], where some applications in the framework of group-graded rings where done. This notion fits satisfactorily to the classical notion of separable algebra over a commutative ring. The concept of coseparable coalgebra over a field appears in [1] to prove a result of Sullivan [7]. A more complete study of the separability of coalgebras was performed in [2]. In this last paper, an analysis of the relationship between coseparability and the cohomology theory for coalgebras is developed.

Our aim is to study the separability, in the sense of [5], of some canonical functors stemming from a morphism of coalgebras.

In Section 1 we fix some notation and we prove a preliminary characterization of the bicomodules.

The Section 2 contains the theoretical body of the paper. For a morphism of coalgebras $\varphi: C \to D$, we characterize the separability of the corestriction functor $(-)_{\varphi}$ (Theorem 2.4) and of the coinduction functor $(-)^{\varphi}$ (Theorem 2.7). The reader can find the definitions of these functors in Section 1. For the particular case of the coalgebra morphism $\varepsilon: C \to k$ given by the counit of the kcoalgebra C, the separability of the corestriction functor gives precisely the notion of coseparable coalgebra. We finish the section with Theorem 2.9, that entails that a coseparable coalgebra need not to be necessarily of finite dimension (Theorem 3.4).

Section 3 is devoted to study the relationship between coseparability and cosemisimiplicity for coalgebras. As a consequence, we obtain that a k-coalgebra

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