GORENSTEIN BALANCE OF HOM AND TENSOR

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By Auslander and Bridger ([1]), Proposition 3.8c)), a finitely generated left R-module C has Gorenstein dimension 0 if and only if there is an exact sequence

$$\cdots \longrightarrow P^{-2} \longrightarrow P^{-1} \longrightarrow P^0 \longrightarrow P^1 \longrightarrow \cdots$$

of finitely generated projective left R-modules such that $C = \ker (P^0 \rightarrow P^1)$ and such that the dual sequence

$$\cdots \longrightarrow (P^{1})^{*} \longrightarrow (P^{0})^{*} \longrightarrow (P^{-1})^{*} \longrightarrow \cdots$$

is also exact.

In attempting to dualize the notion of Gorenstein dimension we called such modules C Gorenstein projective modules (see [8]) and then defined Gorenstein injective modules.

Auslander and Buchweitz showed that over certain rings all finitely generated modules have Gorenstein projective precovers (over Cohen-Macauley rings these are their maximal Cohen-Macauley approximations).

An application of their argument shows that over an *n*-Gorenstein ring all modules have Gorenstein injective preenvelopes.

Over a ring where these precovers and preenvelopes exist, we can apply methods of relative homological algebra (see Eilenberg and Moore [5]) and compute derived functors.

We can then raise the question of balance in the sense of Enochs and Jenda [6]. We can now show that $\operatorname{Hom}(-,-)$ is right balanced by Gorenstein projective and injective modules on a suitable category. Similarly we show that $-\otimes$ — is left balanced by finitely generated Gorenstein projective modules (left and right).

1. Gorenstein Injective and Projective Resolutions.

In the following, module will mean left R-module for some ring R (unless otherwise specified).