

A REMARK ON ARTIN-SCHREIER CURVES WHOSE HASSE-WITT MAPS ARE THE ZERO MAPS

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1. Introduction

Let X be a complete non-singular algebraic curve over an algebraically closed field k of positive characteristic p . Let $F: \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X$ be the Frobenius homomorphism $F(\alpha) = \alpha^p$, and denote the induced p -linear map $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \rightarrow H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$ again by F , which is called the Hasse-Witt map. The dimension of the semi-simple subspace $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X)_s$ of $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$ is denoted by $\sigma(X)$ and called the p -rank of a curve X , which is equal to the p -rank of the Jacobian variety of X .

Let $\pi: X \rightarrow Y$ be a p -cyclic covering of complete non-singular curves over k . Then the Deuring-Šafarevič formula is the following:

$$\sigma(X) - 1 + r = p(\sigma(Y) - 1 + r) \quad (1.1)$$

where r is the number of the ramification points with respect to π (see Subrao [10], Deuring [3], Šafarevič [8]).

An algebraic curve X , which is not birationally equivalent to \mathbf{P}^1 , is called an Artin-Schreier curve if there is a p -cyclic covering $\pi: X \rightarrow \mathbf{P}^1$. Then the p -rank $\sigma(X)$ of X is immediately known by the above formula, however the rank of the Hasse-Witt map is not known. In this article, we shall prove the following.

THEOREM. *Let X be an Artin-Schreier curve defined over an algebraically closed field k , of positive characteristic p . Then the Hasse-Witt map of X is the zero map if and only if X is birationally equivalent to the complete non-singular algebraic curve defined by the equation*

$$y^p - y = x^l$$

for some divisor l ($l \geq 2$) of $p+1$.

The Jacobian variety of a curve X is isomorphic to the product of supersingular elliptic curves if and only if the Cartier operator is the zero map