

## ON OBSERVABLE AND STRONGLY OBSERVABLE HOPF IDEALS

By

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Let  $\mathfrak{G} = \mathfrak{Sp}_k A$  be an affine group scheme over a ground field  $k$ ,  $\mathfrak{H} = \mathfrak{Sp}_k A/I$  a closed subgroup scheme and  $\bar{k}$  denote an algebraic closure of  $k$ . When  $\mathfrak{G}$  is algebraic and  $\mathfrak{G}(k)$  is dense in  $\mathfrak{G}(\bar{k})$ , Bialynichi-Birula, Hochschild and Mostow defined in their paper [1] that  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$  is observable in  $\mathfrak{G}(k)$  if every finite dimensional rational  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$ -module can be embedded in a rational  $\mathfrak{G}(k)$ -module as a  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$ -module, and showed that one of its necessary and sufficient conditions is  $\mathfrak{G}(\bar{k})/\mathfrak{H}(\bar{k})$  being a quasi-affine variety. When  $\mathfrak{G}$  is algebraic and reduced, and  $k = \bar{k}$ , Cline, Parshall and Scott defined in their paper [2] that  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$  is strongly observable in  $\mathfrak{G}(k)$  if every rational  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$ -module  $N$  can be embedded in a rational  $\mathfrak{G}(k)$ -module  $M$  as a  $\mathfrak{H}(k)$ -module such that  $N^{\mathfrak{G}(k)} = M^{\mathfrak{G}(k)}$ , and showed that one of its necessary and sufficient conditions is  $\mathfrak{G}(k)/\mathfrak{H}(k)$  being an affine variety. Since these concepts are the representation-theoretic ones, we can extend them to a Hopf ideal of an arbitrary (not necessarily commutative) Hopf algebra. In this paper, we characterize a strongly observable Hopf ideal of an arbitrary Hopf algebra; a Hopf ideal  $I$  of a Hopf algebra  $A$  is strongly observable if and only if  $A$  is an injective  $A/I$ -comodule. This result and the one of M. Takeuchi [10] give the following equivalent characterizations of a strongly observable  $k$ -subgroup  $\mathfrak{H}$  of an affine  $k$ -group  $\mathfrak{G}$ ; (1)  $\mathcal{O}(\mathfrak{G})$  is an injective  $k$ - $\mathfrak{H}$ -module, (2)  $\mathfrak{H}$  is exact in  $\mathfrak{G}$  and (3)  $\mathfrak{G}/\mathfrak{H}$  is affine. This is a generalization of a main theorem in [2]. In case of observable Hopf ideals, we do not have such a general characterization except the case when Hopf algebras are commutative. So we can extend some results in [1] to affine  $k$ -groups. One of them is that  $\mathfrak{G}/\mathfrak{H}$  is quasi-affine if and only if  $I$  is observable in  $A$  and  $R = A \square_{A,I} k$  contains a simple left coideal  $M$  such that  $M \subset \sqrt{\mathfrak{A}}$  for any left coideal-ideal  $\mathfrak{A}$  in  $R$ , where  $\square$  denotes the cotensor product (see the first section).

Section 1 contains some preliminary results on cotensor products of comodules and injective comodules. It also contains one main result; for a Hopf ideal  $I$  of an arbitrary Hopf algebra  $A$ ,  $A$  is an injective  $A/I$ -comodule if and only if  $A$  is an injective cogenerator for the category of  $A/I$ -comodules (1.6). Section 2 gives a characterization of a strongly observable Hopf ideal. Section 3 gives some results