## Interpolating sequences and embedding theorems in weighted Bergman spaces

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**Abstract.** For  $0 , let <math>L^p{}_a(\mu)$  denote the weighted Bergman space on the unit disk D in the complex plane, where  $\mu$  is a finite positive Borel measure on D. When  $\mu$  is an absolutely continuous measure which satisfies an  $(A_p)$ -condition, we study interpolating sequences on  $L^p{}_a(\mu)$  and give several sufficient conditions in order that such a sequence exists in  $L^p{}_a(\mu)$ . Using them, we obtain embedding theorems for weighted Bergman spaces between  $L^p{}_a(\mu)$  and  $L^q{}_a(\nu)$ , where  $\nu$  is a finite positive Borel measure on D and  $0 < q < \infty$ .

Key words: interpolating sequence,  $(A_p)$ -condition, Carleson inequality, Bergman space, analytic function.

## 1. Introduction

Let D denote the open unit disk in the complex plane and H a set of all analytic functions on D. For  $0 , let <math>L^p(\mu)$  denote an  $L^p$ -space on D with respect to a finite positive Borel measure  $\mu$  on D and set  $L^p_a(\mu) = L^p(\mu) \cap H$ , which is called a weighted Bergman space on D.

For any a in D, let  $\phi_a$  be the Möbius function on D, that is,  $\phi_a(z) = (a-z)/(1-\overline{a}z)$   $(z \in D)$ , and put  $\beta(a,z) = 1/2\{\log(1+|\phi_a(z)|)(1-|\phi_a(z)|)^{-1}\}$   $(a,z \in D)$ . For  $0 < r < \infty$  and a in D, let  $D_r(a) = \{z \in D; \beta(a,z) < r\}$  be the Bergman disk with "center" a and "radius" r, and m be the Lebesgue area measure on D. We define an average of a finite positive measure  $\mu$  on  $D_r(a)$  by

$$\widehat{\mu}_r(a) = \frac{1}{m(D_r(a))} \int_{D_r(a)} d\mu \quad (a \in D),$$

and if there exists a non-negative function w in  $L^1(m)$  such that  $d\mu = wdm$ , then we may write it  $\widehat{w}_r$  instead of  $\widehat{\mu}_r$ .

Let  $\nu$  and  $\mu$  be finite positive Borel measures on D, and for 0 < p,  $q < \infty$ , let  $i: L^p{}_a(\mu) \to L^q{}_a(\nu)$  be an inclusion mapping. Our purpose of this paper is to study a necessary and sufficient condition on  $\nu$  and  $\mu$  so