

## Crossed products of UHF algebras by some amenable groups

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**Abstract.** Let  $A$  be a UHF  $C^*$ -algebra. It is shown that for every homomorphism  $\alpha : \mathbb{Z}^n \rightarrow \text{Aut}(A)$  there exists an AF embedding  $\rho : A \rtimes_{\alpha} \mathbb{Z}^n \hookrightarrow B$  such that  $\rho_* : K_0(A \rtimes_{\alpha} \mathbb{Z}^n) \rightarrow K_0(B)$  is also injective.

Using Green's imprimitivity theorem it will follow that if  $A$  is UHF and  $\alpha : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}(A)$  is a homomorphism then  $A \rtimes_{\alpha} G$  is always quasidiagonal for a large class of amenable groups including all extensions of discrete abelian groups by compact (not necessarily discrete or abelian) groups.

*Key words:* quasidiagonality, crossed products, K-theory, amenable groups.

### 1. Introduction

Quasidiagonal  $C^*$ -algebras are those which enjoy a certain local finite dimensional approximation property (cf. [Vo2]). In light of some remarkable recent results (cf. [DE], [Li]), it appears that quasidiagonality will play an increasingly important role in Elliott's classification program. A  $C^*$ -algebra is called AF embeddable if it is isomorphic to a subalgebra of an AF algebra. Blackadar and Kirchberg asked if the notions of quasidiagonality and AF embeddability agree for nuclear  $C^*$ -algebras and there is reason to believe that they do (cf. [BK]). Unfortunately, neither of these notions behave well under taking crossed products (unless the group is compact). Indeed, Voiculescu has asked when  $C(X) \rtimes_{\varphi} \mathbb{Z}^2$  is AF embeddable ([Vo3]) which illustrates how much we have yet to learn in this direction. (Recall that Pimsner characterized the AF embeddability (and quasidiagonality) of  $C(X) \rtimes_{\varphi} \mathbb{Z}$  more than 15 years ago in [Pi].)

In this note we study the AF embeddability and quasidiagonality of crossed products of UHF algebras by certain amenable groups. Our main result is the following.

**Theorem 1** *If  $A$  is a UHF algebra and  $\alpha : \mathbb{Z}^n \rightarrow \text{Aut}(A)$  is a homomor-*

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