

## On Sasakian manifolds with vanishing contact Bochner curvature tensor

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### § 1. Introduction.

Recently, S. I. Goldberg and M. Okumura [3] proved

**THEOREM A.** *Let  $M$  be an  $n$ -dimensional compact conformally flat Riemannian manifold with constant scalar curvature  $R$ . If the length of the Ricci tensor is less than  $R/\sqrt{n-1}$ ,  $n \geq 3$ , then  $M$  is a space of constant curvature.*

For a Kaehlerian manifold, Y. Kubo [7] proved

**THEOREM B.** *Let  $M$  be a real  $n$ -dimensional Kaehlerian manifold with constant scalar curvature  $R$  whose Bochner curvature tensor vanishes. If the length of the Ricci tensor is not greater than  $R/\sqrt{n-2}$ ,  $n \geq 4$ , then  $M$  is a space of constant holomorphic sectional curvature.*

Note that the square of the length of the Ricci tensor is greater than or equal to  $R^2/n$ , so the Ricci tensor has been "pinched".

We have the following remarks [5] on Theorem B.

**REMARK 1.** The condition with respect to the length of the Ricci tensor can be replaced by

$$(*) \quad R_{ab} R^{ab} \leq \frac{R^2}{n-2}.$$

**REMARK 2.** Moreover the condition (\*) can be replaced by the best condition

$$R_{ab} R^{ab} < \frac{n^3 - 2n^2 + 32}{(n+2)^2 (n-4)^2} R^2 \quad \text{for } n > 4.$$

**REMARK 3.** In particular, when  $M$  is of dimension 4, if the scalar curvature does not vanish, then  $M$  is of constant holomorphic sectional curvature.

The purpose of this paper is to obtain the theorems, analogous to the above theorems, for a Sasakian manifold with vanishing contact Bochner curvature tensor.

**THEOREM 1.** *Let  $M$  be a  $(2n+1)$ -dimensional Sasakian manifold with*