

On stability of periodic solutions of the Navier-Stokes equations in unbounded domains

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Abstract. We consider the stability of periodic solutions of the Navier-Stokes equations in unbounded domains $\Omega \subset \mathbf{R}^n$ ($n \geq 3$), which belong to $BC(\mathbf{R}; L^{m_1} \cap L^{m_2})$ for some $n/2 < m_1 < n < m_2$. We show that if the periodic solution w is small in $L^\infty(0, \infty; L^{m_1} \cap L^{m_2})$ for some $m_1 < n < m_2$ and if the initial disturbance a is small in $L^n(\Omega)$, then w is stable.

Key words: Navier-Stokes equations, unbounded domains, stability, periodic solutions.

1. Introduction

Let Ω be an *exterior* domain in \mathbf{R}^n ($n \geq 4$), i.e., a domain having a compact complement $\mathbf{R}^n \setminus \Omega$, the half space \mathbf{R}_+^n ($n \geq 3$), or the whole space \mathbf{R}^n ($n \geq 3$) and assume that the boundary $\partial\Omega$ is of class $C^{2+\mu}$ ($0 < \mu < 1$). The motion of the incompressible fluid occupying Ω is governed by the Navier-Stokes equations:

$$(N - S) \quad \begin{cases} \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} - \Delta w + w \cdot \nabla w + \nabla \pi = f, & \operatorname{div} w = 0 \quad x \in \Omega, t \in \mathbf{R}, \\ w = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega, & w(x, t) \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{as } |x| \rightarrow \infty, \end{cases}$$

where $w = w(x, t) = (w^1(x, t), \dots, w^n(x, t))$ and $\pi = \pi(x, t)$ denote the unknown velocity vector and the unknown pressure of the fluid, respectively, while $f = f(x, t) = (f^1(x, t), \dots, f^n(x, t))$ is the given external force. In [13], Kozono-Nakao constructed periodic strong solutions in unbounded domains for some periodic external force f . Their solutions belong to $BC(\mathbf{R}; L^r \cap L^\infty)$ for some $n/2 < r < n$.

The purpose of the present paper is to show the *stability* of such solutions. If $w(x, 0)$ is initially perturbed by a , then the perturbed flow $v(x, t)$ is governed by the following Navier-Stokes equations: