

Abelian Hurwitz–Hodge Integrals

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0. Introduction

0.1. Moduli of Covers

Let $\mathcal{M}_{g,n}$ be the moduli space of nonsingular, connected, genus- g curves over \mathbb{C} with n distinct points. Let G be a finite group. Given an element $[C, p_1, \dots, p_n] \in \mathcal{M}_{g,n}$, we will consider principal G -bundles,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G & \longrightarrow & P \\ & & \downarrow \pi \\ & & C \setminus \{p_1, \dots, p_n\}, \end{array} \quad (1)$$

over the punctured curve. Denote the G -action on the fibers of π by

$$\tau: G \times P \rightarrow P.$$

The monodromy defined by a positively oriented loop around the i th puncture determines a conjugacy class $\gamma_i \in \text{Conj}(G)$. Let $\boldsymbol{\gamma} = (\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_n)$ be the n -tuple of monodromies. The moduli space of covers $\mathcal{A}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G)$ parameterizes G -bundles (1) with the prescribed monodromy conditions. There is a canonical morphism

$$\varepsilon: \mathcal{A}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G) \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{g,n}$$

obtained from the base of the G -bundle. Both $\mathcal{A}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G)$ and $\mathcal{M}_{g,n}$ are nonsingular Deligne–Mumford stacks.

A compactification $\bar{\mathcal{A}}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G) \supset \mathcal{A}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G)$ by *admissible covers* was introduced by Harris and Mumford in [18]. An admissible cover

$$[\pi, \tau] \in \bar{\mathcal{A}}_{g,\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(G)$$

is a degree- $|G|$ finite map of complete curves

$$\pi: D \rightarrow (C, p_1, \dots, p_n)$$

together with a G -action

$$\tau: G \times D \rightarrow D$$

on the fibers of π satisfying the following properties:

Received June 3, 2009. Revision received December 6, 2010.