## Rational Curves on Blowing-ups of Projective Spaces

BUMSIG KIM, YONGNAM LEE, & KYUNGHO OH

## 1. Introduction

Let  $\operatorname{Mor}_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^{1}, Y)$  denote the moduli space of morphisms f from a complex projective line  $\mathbb{P}^{1}$  to a smooth complex projective variety Y such that  $f_{*}[\mathbb{P}^{1}] = \beta$ , where  $\beta$  is a given second homology class of Y. We study the irreducibility and the rational connectedness of the moduli space when Y is a successive blowing-up of a product of projective spaces with a suitable condition on  $\beta$ .

Before stating the Main Theorem proven in this paper, we introduce some notation. Let  $X = \prod_{k=1}^{m} \mathbb{P}^{n_k}$ ,  $X_0 = X$ , and let  $\pi_i \colon X_i \to X_{i-1}$  (i = 1, ..., r) be a blowing-up of  $X_{i-1}$  along a smooth irreducible subvariety  $Z_i$ . Let  $E_i^t \subset X_r$  be the total transform  $(\pi_i \circ \cdots \circ \pi_r)^{-1}Z_i$  of the exceptional divisor associated to  $Z_i$ , and let  $H_k$  be the divisor class coming from the hyperplane class of the *k*th projective space  $\mathbb{P}^{n_k}$ . Let  $m_i = \#\{Z_j \mid j < i, (\pi_j \circ \cdots \circ \pi_r)^{-1}(Z_j) \supset E_i^t\}$ . So general points of  $Z_i$  are the  $(m_i)$ th infinitesimal points of X. Denote by  $\operatorname{Mor}_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^1, X_r)^{\sharp}$ the open sublocus of  $\operatorname{Mor}_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^1, X_r)$  consisting of those f whose images do not lie on exceptional divisors:  $f(\mathbb{P}^1) \nsubseteq E_i^t$  for all i.

MAIN THEOREM. Assume that  $\beta \cdot (\pi^* H_k - \sum_{i=1}^r (m_i + 1)E_i^t) \ge 0$  for all k and that  $\beta \cdot E_i^t \ge 0$  for all i, where  $\pi = \pi_1 \circ \cdots \circ \pi_r$ .

- (1) The moduli space  $\operatorname{Mor}_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^1, X_r)^{\sharp}$  consists of free morphisms and is an irreducible smooth variety of expected dimension.
- (2) If  $Z_i$  are rationally connected for all *i*, then a projective and birational model of  $Mor_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^1, X_r)^{\sharp}$  is also rationally connected.
- (3) The moduli space Mor<sub>β</sub>(P<sup>1</sup>, X<sub>r</sub>) is smooth, and Mor<sub>β</sub>(P<sup>1</sup>, X<sub>r</sub>)<sup>♯</sup> is dense in Mor<sub>β</sub>(P<sup>1</sup>, X<sub>r</sub>), if one of the following conditions hold:
  - (a) all  $\pi(E_i^t)$  are points in X;
  - (b) all centers  $Z_i$  are convex (i.e.,  $H^1(\mathbb{P}^1, g^*T_{Z_i}) = 0$  for any morphism  $g: \mathbb{P}^1 \to Z_i$ ), and  $\pi(E_i^t)$  are disjoint to  $\pi(E_i^t)$  for any  $i \neq j$ .

Note that the irreducibility (respectively, the rational connectedness of a projective, birational model) of the morphism space  $Mor_{\beta}(\mathbb{P}^1, X_r)$  implies the irreducibility of the moduli space of rational curves *C* with numerical condition  $[C] = \beta$ .

Received June 1, 2006. Revision received December 20, 2006.

This work was supported by Korea Research Foundation Grant no. KRF-2004-042-C00005.