

# A Counterexample to the Fourteenth Problem of Hilbert in Dimension Three

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## 1. Introduction

Let  $K$  be a field,  $K[X] = K[X_1, \dots, X_m]$  the polynomial ring in  $m$  variables over  $K$ , and  $K(X)$  its field of fractions. Then, the fourteenth problem of Hilbert asks whether the  $K$ -subalgebra  $L \cap K[X]$  of  $K[X]$  is finitely generated whenever  $L$  is a subfield of  $K(X)$  containing  $K$ . Zariski [23] showed that  $L \cap K[X]$  is finitely generated if the transcendence degree of  $L$  over  $K$  is at most two. Consequently, the problem has an affirmative answer if  $m \leq 2$ . On the other hand, a counterexample to the problem was first found by Nagata [17] in 1958 for  $m \geq 32$  (see [8] for the progress on this problem).

Recently the author [12] gave a counterexample for  $m = 4$ , whereby the problem remained open only for  $m = 3$ . In fact, if  $L \cap K[X]$  is not finitely generated, then  $L \cap K[X][X_{m+1}, \dots, X_{m+r}]$  is also not finitely generated for each  $r \geq 0$ . In this paper we give the first counterexample to the problem for  $m = 3$ . Thus, the fourteenth problem of Hilbert is settled for all  $m$  at last.

Let  $\gamma$  and  $\delta_{i,j}$  be positive integers for  $i, j = 1, 2$ , and let

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi_1 &= X_1^{\delta_{2,1}} X_2^{-\delta_{2,2}} - X_1^{-\delta_{1,1}} X_2^{\delta_{1,2}}, \\ \Pi_2 &= X_3^\gamma - X_1^{-\delta_{1,1}} X_2^{\delta_{1,2}}, \\ \Pi_3 &= 2X_1^{\delta_{2,1} - \delta_{1,1}} X_2^{\delta_{1,2} - \delta_{2,2}} - X_1^{-2\delta_{1,1}} X_2^{2\delta_{1,2}}. \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

Then we have the following result.

**THEOREM 1.1.** *Assume that the characteristic of  $K$  is zero. If*

$$\frac{\delta_{1,1}}{\delta_{1,1} + \delta_{2,1}} + \frac{\delta_{2,2}}{\delta_{2,2} + \delta_{1,2}} < \frac{1}{2}, \tag{1.2}$$

*then  $K(\Pi_1, \Pi_2, \Pi_3) \cap K[X_1, X_2, X_3]$  is not finitely generated over  $K$ .*

We remark that  $m = 3$  is an exceptional dimension for the fourteenth problem of Hilbert with many partial positive answers as follows. As already mentioned, the answer to the fourteenth problem of Hilbert is affirmative when  $m \leq 2$  by

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