

# *F*-Rationality of Determinantal Rings and Their Rees Rings

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Let  $X$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix ( $m \leq n$ ) of indeterminates over a field  $K$  of positive characteristic, and denote the ideal generated by its  $t$ -minors by  $I_t$ . We show that the Rees ring  $\mathcal{R}(I_t)$  of  $K[X]$ , as well as the algebra  $A_t$  generated by the  $t$ -minors, are  $F$ -rational if  $\text{char } K > \min(t, m - t)$ . Without a restriction on characteristic this holds for  $K[X]/I_{r+1}$  and the symbolic Rees ring  $\mathcal{R}^s(I_t)$ . The determinantal ring  $K[X]/I_{r+1}$  is actually  $F$ -regular, as was previously proved by Hochster and Huneke [13] and Conca and Herzog [5] through different approaches.

Our main tool is the filtration induced by the straightening law. The associated graded ring with respect to this filtration is typically given by a Segre product  $K[H] \#_{\mathbb{N}^m} F(X)$ , where  $H$  is a normal semigroup representing the weights of the standard bitableaux present in the object under consideration,  $\mathbb{N}^m$  represents all the possible weights, and  $F(X)$  parameterizes the set of standard bitableaux of  $K[X]$ . The ring  $F(X)$  itself is the Segre product  $F_1(X) \#_{\mathbb{N}^m} F_2(X)$ , where  $F_1(X)$  (resp.  $F_2(X)$ ) are the coordinate rings of the flag varieties associated with  $X$  (resp. the transpose of  $X$ ).

We prove that  $F(X)$  is  $F$ -regular. Normal semigroup rings are also  $F$ -regular since they are direct summands of polynomial rings. Furthermore,  $F$ -regularity is inherited by Segre products, and  $F$ -rationality is preserved under deformations. Hence a ring with an associated graded ring of type  $K[H] \#_{\mathbb{N}^m} F(X)$  is (at least)  $F$ -rational. This applies especially to  $K[X]/I_{r+1}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}(I_t)$ , and  $A_t$ .

The results and the method of this paper are a variant of the method applied by Bruns [1] in characteristic 0, where  $F$ -rationality is to be replaced by the property of having rational singularities. By a theorem of Smith [15], our results in positive characteristic actually imply those previously obtained in characteristic 0.

## 1. The Filtration Induced by the Straightening Law

In this section we discuss the filtration on  $K[X]$  induced by the straightening law and identify its associated graded ring. The filtration was first described by De Concini, Eisenbud, and Procesi [7]. We use the language of Young tableaux; for unexplained terminology the reader is referred to Bruns and Vetter [4, Sec. 11].

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