On the Equivalence of Holomorphic and Plurisubharmonic Phragmén-Lindelöf Principles

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There are several papers in recent years which studied partial differential operators P(D) on classes of infinitely differentiable functions on convex open sets in \mathbb{R}^N or \mathbb{C}^N in terms of Phragmén-Lindelöf type estimates for plurisubharmonic functions on algebraic varieties. In the early work of Hörmander [7] it is shown that the surjectivity of P(D) on the space of all real analytic functions on a convex open set in \mathbb{R}^N is equivalent to Phragmén-Lindelöf conditions on the tangent cone at infinity of the variety V(P) := $\{z \in \mathbb{C}^N \mid P(z) = 0\}$. Later Zampieri [13], Braun, Meise, and Vogt [3; 4], and Braun [1] made similar investigations for classes of ultradifferentiable functions. Kaneko [8] proved that Hartogs problems for partial differential operators P(D) can be characterized by Phragmén-Lindelöf conditions on V(P). To treat the problem of existence of continuous linear right inverses for partial differential operators, Meise, Taylor, and Vogt [9], Momm [11], and Palamodov [12] also used Phragmén-Lindelöf conditions. In most of the aforementioned cases one first derives the Phragmén-Lindelöf conditions for all plurisubharmonic functions $u = \log |f|$, where f is a holomorphic function on V(P). Meise, Taylor, and Vogt [10] proved a general result which shows that the conditions for all plurisubharmonic functions of type $u = \log |f|$, where f is a holomorphic function on V(P), hold if and only if the conditions hold for all plurisubharmonic functions on V(P). The idea is to write the plurisubharmonic function u as an upper envelope of functions $\log |f|$. More precisely, they have shown that for each $0 < \theta < 1$ and for each plurisubharmonic function u on the variety V(P) with $u(z) \le |z|$, and for most of the regular points $\zeta \in V_{reg}(P)$, there exists a holomorphic function f on V(P) such that

$$\log|f(z)| \le \sup\{u(y) \, |\, |z-y| \le 1\} + C\log(2+|z|), \quad z \in V(P)$$

$$\log|f(\zeta)| \ge \theta u(\zeta) - C\log(2+|\zeta|),$$

and

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