

IDEALS OF INJECTIVE DIMENSION 1

Eben Matlis

Introduction. Throughout this paper R is an integral domain with quotient field $Q \neq R$, and $K = Q/R$. The completion of R in the R -topology is denoted by H . Let I be a non-zero ideal of R , $S = \{1 - a \mid a \in I\}$, and $E(R/I)$ the injective envelope of R/I . If $\mathfrak{J}(R)$ denotes the Jacobson radical of R , then $I \subset \mathfrak{J}(R)$ if and only if $R = R_S$. It has been proved elsewhere that $H/IH \approx R/I$.

The main purpose of this paper is to examine the relationship between the injective envelope of R/I and the torsion-free cover of R/I in order to shed light on the condition: $\text{inj. dim}_R I = 1$. This suggests consideration of the successively weaker conditions: (a) $E(R/I) = Q/I$, (b) $\text{inj. dim}_R I = 1$ (i.e. Q/I is injective); and (c) $E(R/I) \subset Q/I$.

Condition (a) naturally leads to the study of the condition: (d) $Q/I \subset E(R/I)$; (i.e., Q/I is an essential extension of R/I) and the characterization of this condition is the key to the whole question. It is proved that $Q/I \subset E(R/I)$ if and only if $I \subset \mathfrak{J}(R)$ and the only ideals of R mapping onto R/I are the principal ideals of R . Another important tool in the investigation is the notion of a complemented extension A of R . Of great importance here is the proposition that if A is a complemented extension of R , and if I is the contraction of an ideal of A contained in $\mathfrak{J}(A)$, then $A = R_S$.

The main results of this paper are summarized in the following theorem.

MAIN THEOREM. (I) *The following statements are equivalent:*

- (1) $E(R/I) = Q/I$.
- (2) $\text{Inj. dim}_R I = 1$ and $I \subset \mathfrak{J}(R)$.
- (3) *The canonical map: $H \rightarrow R/I$ is a torsion-free cover.*

(II) *The following statements are equivalent:*

- (1) $\text{Inj. dim}_R I = 1$ (i.e. Q/I is injective).
- (2) R_S is a complemented extension of R ; $\text{inj. dim}_{R_S} I_S = 1$; and $\text{inj. dim}_{R'_S} R'_S \leq 1$, where $R'_S = \bigcap_{R_N} \{N \in \max \text{spec } R \mid I \not\subset N\}$ is the complement of R_S .
- (3) *The canonical map: $H \rightarrow R/rI$ is a torsion-free lifting for all non-zero $r \in R$.*

(III) *The following statements are equivalent:*

- (1) $E(R/I) \subset Q/I$.
- (2) R_S is a complemented extension of R and $\text{inj. dim}_{R_S} I_S = 1$.
- (3) *The canonical map $H \rightarrow R/I$ is a torsion-free lifting.*

In Section 1 complemented extensions of R are discussed. In Section 2 conditions (a), (b), (c), and (d) are related to the notion of complemented extensions of R . In Section 3 torsion-free covers and liftings are discussed and are related to conditions (a), (b) and (c). Finally, in Section 4 the results of the first three sections are applied to valuation rings, Noetherian domains, and h -local domains. There are examples given illustrating the first three sections, and counter-examples to possible conjectures.

Received January 19, 1982. Revision received April 29, 1982.
Michigan Math. J. 29 (1982).