

TORSION INVARIANTS AND ACTIONS OF FINITE GROUPS

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Dedicated to the memory of my friend and colleague David L. Williams.

Let G be a finite group and X be a G -CW complex in the sense of T. Matumoto [5] or S. Illman [4]. If X is a finite G -CW complex (i.e., X has only finitely many G -cells), then Illman [4; Section 2] gives a geometric definition for an equivariant Whitehead group $\text{Wh}_G(X)$. Furthermore, he shows [4; Theorem 1.4] that if G is abelian and each component of $X^H = \{x \in X \mid hx = x \text{ for all } h \in H\}$ is simply connected for all subgroups H of G , then $\text{Wh}_G(X)$ is isomorphic to a direct sum of ordinary (i.e., algebraically defined) Whitehead groups. A similar result has been obtained by M. Rothenberg [6; Theorem 1.8].

In a somewhat parallel vein, J. Baglivo [1] considered the following problem. Let X be a G -CW complex which is G -dominated by a finite G -CW complex Y . Does X have the G -homotopy type of a finite G -CW complex? In the approach taken in [1], Baglivo adopts the running hypotheses that $X^G \neq \emptyset$ and that X^H is connected for all subgroups $H \subset G$. Under these conditions, she shows that there exist groups, denoted by $\widetilde{N(H)/H}$ in [1], and elements $w_H(X) \in \widetilde{K}_0 Z(\widetilde{N(H)/H})$ such that X has the homotopy type of a finite G -CW complex if and only if all the $w_H(X) = 0$.

Let X_α^H be a subcomplex of X^H . (In this paper X_α^H will actually be a connectedness component of X^H or a union of such.) Let $G_\alpha = \{g \in G \mid g(X_\alpha^H) = X_\alpha^H\}$ and $N(H) = \{g \in G \mid gHg^{-1} = H\}$ be the normalizer of H . In this paper, we introduce a group $\Gamma(X_\alpha^H, G)$ which fits into a short exact sequence

$$1 \rightarrow \pi_1(X_\alpha^H) \rightarrow \Gamma(X_\alpha^H, G) \rightarrow G_\alpha \cap N(H)/H \rightarrow 1$$

and use these groups to generalize the results of [1], [4], and [6]. In particular, we establish the following theorems:

THEOREM A. *Let G be a finite group and X be a finite G -CW complex. Let $\{H_s \mid s \in S\}$ be a set of representatives for the subgroups of G that are contained in an isotropy subgroup of the action of G on X . Let $\{X_\alpha^{H_s} \mid \alpha \in A_s\}$ be a set of representatives for the connectedness components of X^{H_s} . Then there exists an isomorphism*

$$\Phi: \text{Wh}_G(X) \rightarrow \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{\alpha \in A_s} \text{Wh} \Gamma(X_\alpha^{H_s}, G)$$

THEOREM B. *Let G be a finite group and X be a G -CW complex. Let $\{H_s \mid s \in S\}$ be a set of representatives for the set of isotropy subgroups of the action of G on X . Let $\{X_\alpha^{H_s} \mid \alpha \in A_s\}$ be a set of representatives for the connectedness components of X^{H_s} .*

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