

# ON THE INTEGRAL COHOMOLOGY GROUPS OF THE CLASSIFYING SPACE FOR BSO

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

E. Thomas has shown [5] that all torsion in  $H^*(B\text{Spin}; \mathbb{Z})$  is of order 2; a result corresponding to the long-known result for BSO. In the study of spaces realizing the image of the stable J-homomorphism [2], the cohomology of the classifying space BBSO for BSO regarded as an H-space is of interest. J. D. Stasheff [3] has found torsion of order  $2^n$  for each  $n$  in  $H^*(\text{BBSO}; \mathbb{Z})$ . In this paper, we shall present results for exterior algebras analogous to the results of Thomas for polynomial algebras in [4] and [5], in order to show that Stasheff has found essentially all of the higher torsion in  $H^*(\text{BBSO}; \mathbb{Z})$ .

If  $X$  is a graded set and  $\lambda: X \rightarrow \mathbb{N} = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$  is a function, then  $A[\lambda]$  is the graded, abelian group generated by the elements of  $X$  subject to the conditions  $\lambda(x)x = 0$ .

**THEOREM 1.**  $H^*(\text{BBSO}; \mathbb{Z})$  and  $(E \otimes A[\lambda]) \oplus T$  are isomorphic as groups, where

(1)  $E$  is the graded, anticommutative,  $\mathbb{Z}$ -exterior algebra on one class  $P_{4i+1}$  of each degree  $4i + 1 \geq 5$ ;

(2)  $\lambda: \{a_{8n} \mid n \geq 1\} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  is defined by

$$\lambda a_{8n} = \text{the greatest integer } 2^k \text{ that divides } 4n,$$

and  $\text{degree}(a_{8n}) = 8n$ ;

(3)  $2T = 0$ .

## 2. PROOF OF THEOREM 1

Suppose  $X$  is a space each of whose integral cohomology groups is finitely generated. Let

$$\rho: H^*( ; \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^*( ; \mathbb{Z}_2) \quad \text{and} \quad \rho': H^*( ; \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^*( ; \mathbb{Q})$$

be universal coefficient maps. Let  $\{u_1, u_2, \dots\} \subset H^*(X; \mathbb{Z})$ , where the  $u_n$  are all of odd degree. We shall prove the following analogue of Theorem 4.2 in [5].

**PROPOSITION 1.** *Suppose the cohomology groups of  $X$  satisfy the following three conditions:*

(1)  $H^*(X; \mathbb{Z})$  has no odd torsion.

(2)  $H^*(X; \mathbb{Z}_2) = \mathbb{Z}_2 E[w_1, w_2, \dots; x_1, x_2, \dots; y_1, y_2, \dots;$

$$z_0, z_1, z_2, z_4, \dots, z_{2^i}, \dots],$$

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