STUDIES IN THE AXIOMATIC FOUNDATIONS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

CZESŁAW LEJEWSKI

Introduction

One way of characterizing Boolean Algebra would be to say that it consists of all those theses which can be deduced from the following axiomsystem due to Schröder:

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S1. [a] \cdot a \subset a

S2. [abc] : a \subset b \cdot b \subset c \cdot \supseteq \cdot a \subset c

S3. [a] \cdot \land \subset a

S4. [a] \cdot a \subset \lor

S5. [abc] : c \subset a \land b \cdot \equiv \cdot c \subset a \cdot c \subset b

S6. [abc] : a \lor b \subset c \cdot \equiv \cdot a \subset c \cdot b \subset c

S7. [abc] \cdot a \land (b \lor c) \subset (a \land b) \lor (a \land c)

S8. [a] \cdot a \land \checkmark (a) \subset \land

S9. [a] \cdot \lor (a \lor \land (a)^{1})
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The totality of theses as deduced from S1 - S9 will be referred to as System S.

As is well known, Boolean Algebra lends itself to various interpretations. For the purpose of the present enquiry I propose to adhere to what may be styled as the *ontological* interpretation. It is important to realize as clearly as possible what this interpretation presupposes and what it implies.

Let us begin with a few introductory remarks on names and name-like expressions in general. Names and name-like expressions of ordinary language can be divided into two classes: the class of referential names, which subdivide into unshared names and shared names, and the class of non-referential or fictitious names.²⁾ A referential name names or designates at least one object. A fictitious name behaves, as regards its syntax, like a referential one but it fails to name or designate anything at all. In accordance with this classification names or name-like expressions such as 'Socrates', 'the husband of Xanthippe', 'philosopher', 'inhabitant of London', are all referential names, whereas 'Pegasus', 'mermaid', 'object which does not exist,' *etc.*, are examples of non-referential names.

Now, the ontological interpretation of Boolean Algebra demands that the variables, 'a', 'b', 'c', etc., should be regarded as naminal variables, *i.e.*, as variables for which names, referential or non-referential, could be substituted.

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