

NOTE ON INDUCTIVE FINITENESS IN MEREOLOGY

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In this note we prove that for inductive finiteness,

$$[a] : \text{Fin}\{a\} \supset \text{Fin}\{\mathbf{st}(a)\}.$$

Sobociński proved this previously under the added hypothesis, $\text{discr}\{a\}$. Theorems quoted, but not stated in this note, refer to the Mereological Preliminaries in [1]. We shall also need the following well-known definitions and properties concerning inductive finiteness.

$$DF1. \quad [a\varphi] \cdot \cdot \varphi\{\wedge\} : [Ab] : A \varepsilon a . \varphi\{b\} \supset \varphi\{b \cup A\} \equiv \text{InR}(\varphi)\{a\}$$

$$DF2. \quad [a] \cdot \cdot [\varphi] : \text{InR}(\varphi)\{a\} \supset \varphi\{a\} \equiv \text{Fin}\{a\}.$$

$$F1. \quad [A] : \neg\{A\} \supset \text{Fin}\{A\}.$$

$$F2. \quad [ab] : \text{Fin}\{a\} . \text{Fin}\{b\} \supset \text{Fin}\{a \cup b\}.$$

$$F3. \quad [ab] : a \mathbin{\tilde{\varepsilon}} b . \text{Fin}\{b\} \supset \text{Fin}\{a\}.$$

We begin the proof with some auxiliary definitions.

$$D1. \quad [ACb] : C \varepsilon \varphi(bA) \equiv C \varepsilon b . C \varepsilon \mathbf{el}(A).$$

$$T1. \quad [bA] . \varphi(bA) \subset b. \quad [D1]$$

$$D2. \quad [ABCb] : C \varepsilon \Phi\langle bB \rangle(A) \equiv C \varepsilon \mathbf{KI}(\varphi(bA)) . A \varepsilon \mathbf{KI}(\varphi(bA) \cup B) . \\ A \varepsilon \mathbf{st}(b \cup B) \setminus (\mathbf{st}(b) \cup B).$$

$$D3. \quad [BCb] : C \varepsilon \Phi(bB) \equiv C \varepsilon C . [\exists A] . C \varepsilon \Phi\langle bB \rangle(A).$$

$$T2. \quad [BCb] : C \varepsilon \Phi(bB) \equiv [\exists A] . C \varepsilon \Phi\langle bB \rangle(A). \quad [D3]$$

$$T3. \quad [Bb] . \Phi(bB) \subset \mathbf{st}(b). \quad [D3; D2; T1; M18]$$

$$T4. \quad [BCb] : C \varepsilon \Phi(bB) \supset [\exists A] . C \varepsilon \Phi\langle bB \rangle(A) . A \varepsilon \mathbf{st}(b \cup B) \setminus (\mathbf{st}(b) \cup B). \quad [D3; D2]$$

$$T5. \quad [AB] : \neg\{B\} . A \varepsilon \mathbf{KI}(B) \supset A \varepsilon B.$$

$$[AB] : \text{Hyp}(2) \supset.$$

$$[\exists C].$$

$$3) \quad C \varepsilon B. \quad [M10; 2]$$

$$4) \quad B \varepsilon C. \quad [3; 1]$$

$$5) \quad B = \mathbf{KI}(B). \quad [M12; 4]$$

$$A \varepsilon B. \quad [5, 2]$$

$$T6. \quad [ABB] : \neg\{B\} . A \varepsilon \mathbf{st}(b \cup B) \setminus (\mathbf{st}(b) \cup B) \supset [\exists C] . C \varepsilon \Phi\langle bB \rangle(A) . \\ C \varepsilon \Phi(bB).$$