

A STUDY OF \mathcal{Z} MODAL SYSTEMS

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In [10], Sobociński has shown that the addition to various S4-extensions of Zeman's formula

$$\mathbf{Z1} \quad LMp \cdot LMq \rightarrow (M(p \cdot q) \rightarrow LM(p \cdot q))$$

generates a new family that he refers to as the \mathcal{Z} modal systems. In this paper a completeness proof is given for the system $\mathbf{Z1} = \mathbf{S4} + \mathbf{Z1}$, and the finite model property is established. Since the system is finitely axiomatisable its decidability follows. Furthermore it is shown that each \mathcal{Z} modal system is the intersection of S5 with some system from family \mathcal{K} .

In the field of S4, $\mathbf{Z1}$ is inferentially equivalent to

$$\mathbf{Z2} \quad L(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \vee L(Mq \rightarrow LMq)$$

the formula added to S4.4 by Schumm to obtain the system now called S4.9 (cf. Sobociński [9], p. 361)

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|-----------|---|--|
| (1) | $LM(p \vee q) \cdot LM(\sim p \vee q) \rightarrow (M((p \vee q) \cdot (\sim p \vee q)) \rightarrow LM((p \vee q) \cdot (\sim p \vee q)))$ | |
| | | $\mathbf{Z1}, p/p \vee q, q/\sim p \vee q$ |
| (2) | $(p \vee q) \cdot (\sim p \vee q) \leftrightarrow q$ | PC |
| (3) | $Mq \rightarrow M((p \vee q) \cdot (\sim p \vee q))$ | (2), C2 |
| (4) | $LM((p \vee q) \cdot (\sim p \vee q)) \rightarrow LMq$ | (2), C2 |
| (5) | $LMp \rightarrow LM(p \vee q)$ | C2 |
| (6) | $\sim MLp \rightarrow LM(\sim p \vee q)$ | C2 |
| (7) | $LMp \cdot \sim MLp \rightarrow (Mq \rightarrow LMq)$ | (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), PC |
| (8) | $(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \vee (Mq \rightarrow LMq)$ | (7), PC |
| (9) | $M(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \vee L(Mq \rightarrow LMq)$ | (8), C2 |
| (10) | $M(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \rightarrow (LMp \rightarrow MLp)$ | S4 |
| (11) | $(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \rightarrow L(LMp \rightarrow MLp)$ | $\mathbf{Z1}, \mathbf{S4}$ (cf. [1]) |
| Z2 | $L(LMp \rightarrow MLp) \vee L(Mq \rightarrow LMq)$ | (9), (10), (11), PC |

This shows that $\mathbf{Z1}$ contains the system $\mathbf{S4} + \mathbf{Z2}$. We shall subsequently establish the converse in two different ways.

Definitions and discussion of the model-theoretic concepts used below are given in Segerberg [5], [6], and [7] (cf. also the Metatheorem of [1]).

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