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LIMITING BEHAVIOR OF SOLUTIONS OF

 $\mathbf{u_t} = \Delta \mathbf{u^m} \ \text{as} \ \mathbf{m} \rightarrow \infty$

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Consider the Cauchy problem for the porous medium equation

(0.1)
$$u_t = \Delta(|u|^{m-1}u) \qquad x \in \mathbf{R}^N, \quad t > 0$$
(0.2)
$$u(x,0) = f(x) \qquad x \in \mathbf{R}^N.$$

$$(0.2) u(x,0) = f(x) x \in \mathbf{R}^N.$$

We are interested in the behavior of the solution u as $m \to \infty$, for a fixed initial function f. Some study of this question was first carried out by Elliott, Herrero, King and Ockendon [4].

Under various conditions on f we will see that for fixed t > 0

(0.3)
$$u_m(\cdot,t) \to u_\infty \quad \text{as } m \to \infty$$

where u_m denotes the solution of (0.1)–(0.2), and $u_{\infty} = u_{\infty}(x)$ satisfies the "differential inclusion"

$$(0.4) u_{\infty} - \Delta \varphi_{\infty}(u_{\infty}) \ni f.$$

Here φ_{∞} is the maximal monotone graph

$$\varphi_{\infty}(s) = \begin{cases} 0, & |s| < 1 \\ \pm [0, \infty), & s = \pm 1 \\ \varnothing, & |s| > 1 \end{cases}$$

and the meaning of (0.4) is that there exists a function w = w(x) such that

$$(0.6) \quad w(x) \in \varphi_{\infty}(u_{\infty}(x)) \quad \text{a.e.} \quad \text{and} \quad u_{\infty} - \Delta w = f \quad \text{in } \mathcal{D}'(\mathbf{R}^N).$$

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