## A RESTRICTION-EXTENSION PROPERTY FOR OPERATORS ON BANACH SPACES

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ABSTRACT. We study a natural property of operators between Banach spaces which is shared by the class of operators factoring through a Hilbert space. This leads in particular to an operator theoretic version of the Lindenstrauss-Tzafriri characterization of Hilbertian spaces. Also, we point out connections to a classical result of Johnson-König-Maurey-Retherford.

Lindenstrauss and Tzafriri [6] proved the celebrated characterization: a Banach space is isomorphic to a Hilbert space if and only if there exists a constant C>0 such that, whenever E is a finite dimensional subspace of X, we can find an operator R on X such that  $R|_E\equiv \mathrm{id}_E$ , RX=E and  $||R||\leq C$ . It is clear that the operator R is a projection. This reformulation of the Lindenstrauss-Tzafriri result suggests what seems to be a natural operator theoretic analogon of a space in which every subspace is complemented:

**Definition.** Let  $T: X \to Y$  be an operator between Banach spaces X and Y. T has property  $(H_{\infty})$  if for every closed subspace  $Z \subset X$  the restriction  $T|_Z$  admits a bounded extension  $R: X \to Y$  with range  $RX \subset \overline{TZ}$ .

With only minor changes, the Davis, Dean, Singer argument of [1] applies to show that, given T with  $(H_{\infty})$ , the "extensions of the restrictions" R corresponding to finite dimensional subspaces Z of X can be chosen to be uniformly bounded. In terms of the next definition this means that if T has  $(H_{\infty})$ , then T has (H):

**Definition.** We say that  $T: X \to Y$  has property (H) if there exists a positive constant C such that whenever E is a finite dimensional

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