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## MULTILINEAR TRIF d-MAPPINGS IN BANACH MODULES OVER A C\*-ALGEBRA

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ABSTRACT. We define a multilinear Trif d-mapping, and prove the stability of multilinear Trif d-functional equations in Banach modules over a unital  $C^*$ -algebra.

**1. Introduction.** Let  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  be Banach spaces with norms  $\|\cdot\|$ and  $\|\cdot\|$ , respectively. Consider  $f: E_1 \to E_2$  to be a mapping such that f(tx) is continuous in  $t \in \mathbf{R}$  for each fixed  $x \in E_1$ . Assume that there exist constants  $\varepsilon \geq 0$  and  $p \in [0, 1)$  such that

$$||f(x+y) - f(x) - f(y)|| \le \varepsilon(||x||^p + ||y||^p)$$

for all  $x, y \in E_1$ . Rassias [4] showed that there exists a unique **R**-linear mapping  $T: E_1 \to E_2$  such that

$$\|f(x) - T(x)\| \le \frac{2\varepsilon}{2 - 2^p} \, ||x||^p$$

for all  $x \in E_1$ .

Recently, Trif [6, Theorem 2.1] proved that, for vector spaces V and W, a mapping  $f: V \to W$  with f(0) = 0 satisfies the functional equation

(A) 
$$n_{n-2}C_{k-2}f\left(\frac{x_1+\dots+x_n}{n}\right) + {}_{n-2}C_{k-1}\sum_{l=1}^n f(x_l)$$
  
=  $k\sum_{1 \le l_1 < \dots < l_k \le n} f\left(\frac{x_{l_1}+\dots+x_{l_k}}{k}\right)$ 

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