

ON THE VANISHING OF THE ETA INVARIANT OF DIRAC OPERATORS ON LOCALLY SYMMETRIC MANIFOLDS

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ABSTRACT. In this note we prove a vanishing theorem for the Eta invariant of the spin Dirac operator on a locally symmetric space.

1. Introduction. Atiyah, Patodi and Singer [2] first defined the η -invariant of any self-adjoint elliptic operator A on a compact manifold as a measure of the asymmetry of $\text{Spec}(A)$. If X is a compact oriented odd-dimensional locally symmetric manifold, then the generalized Dirac operator \mathbf{D} (after choosing the essentially unique G -invariant connection) associated to a locally homogeneous Clifford module bundle over X is such an operator. Relying on Selberg trace formula analysis, Moscovici and Stanton [7] prove

Theorem 1.1. *Let G be a semi-simple Lie group with a maximal compact subgroup K , and let $\dim(G/K)$ be odd. Suppose that Γ is a cocompact discrete torsion free subgroup and suppose G has no factors locally isomorphic to $SL(3, \mathbf{R})$ or $SO(p, q)$, for p, q odd. Then for the generalized Dirac operator \mathbf{D} on $\Gamma \backslash G/K$*

$$(1) \quad \eta(\mathbf{D}) = 0.$$

In this note we present another proof of this theorem which is not based on an evaluation of the trace of the odd heat kernel operator $\mathbf{D}e^{-t\mathbf{D}^2}$ by means of orbital integrals. Our proof is modeled after the proof of the vanishing theorems of cohomology of the locally symmetric space $\Gamma \backslash G/K$ and in particular after the algebraic proof of the triviality of the analytic torsion $\tau_1(\Gamma \backslash G/K)$ for the trivial representation of Γ in Spohn [8]. In 3.1 we expand $\text{Tr}(\mathbf{D}e^{-t\mathbf{D}^2})$ using representation-theoretic data involving certain unitary representations of G . Then in

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