# ON THE GAUSS MAP OF RULED SURFACES IN MINKOWSKI SPACE 

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#### Abstract

In this paper, we study some characterization of ruled surfaces in Minkowski space in terms of the Gauss map. We give new examples of cylindrical and noncylindrical ruled surfaces in a 4-dimensional Minkowski space with the pointwise 1-type Gauss map.


1. Introduction. Since the late 1970's when B.-Y. Chen introduced the theory of finite type immersion, its study has been extended to the submanifolds of pseudo-Euclidean spaces, namely a pseudoRiemannian submanifold $M$ of an $m$-dimensional pseudo-Euclidean space $\mathbf{E}_{s}^{m}$ with signature $(s, m-s)$ is said to be of finite type if its position vector field $x$ can be expressed as a finite sum of eigenvectors of the Laplacian $\Delta$ of $M$, that is,

$$
x=x_{0}+x_{1}+x_{2}+\cdots+x_{k}
$$

where $x_{0}$ is a constant map, $x_{1}, \ldots, x_{k}$ nonconstant maps such that $\Delta x_{i}=\lambda_{i} x_{i}, \lambda_{i} \in \mathbf{R}, i=1,2, \ldots, k,[\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{7}]$. If $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \ldots, \lambda_{k}$ are different, then $M$ is said to be of $k$-type. Similarly, we can apply this notion to a smooth map, for example, the Gauss map $G$ that is one of the most natural smooth maps on an $n$-dimensional pseudoRiemannian submanifold $M$ of $\mathbf{E}_{s}^{m}$. Thus, the Gauss map $G$ is said to be of finite type if $G$ is a finite sum of $\mathbf{E}_{s}^{m}$ - valued eigenfunctions of $\Delta$ $[\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{4}]$. We also similarly define the notion of $k$-type Gauss map on $M$ as usual.

There are many examples of submanifolds in the Minkowski space $\mathbf{E}_{1}^{m}$ with finite type Gauss map, for example, $B$-scrolls in $\mathbf{E}_{1}^{3}$, several kinds of cylinders and extended $B$-scrolls in $\mathbf{E}_{1}^{4}$ are those with 1-type

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