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## **ON LOCALLY UNIFORMLY A-PSEUDOCONVEX ALGEBRAS**

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ABSTRACT. Conditions when a unital locally uniformly A-pseudoconvex algebra  $(E, \tau)$  is (or when there exists a topology  $\tau'$  on E such that  $(E, \tau')$  is) a locally p-convex algebra for some  $p \in (0, 1]$ , are found. It is shown that on every unital advertibly complete locally uniformly A-pseudoconvex algebra E there exists a submultiplicative semi-norm |.| such that (E, |.|) is a Q-algebra.

**1. Introduction.** 1. Let  $(E, \tau)$  be a locally pseudoconvex algebra over  $\mathbf{C}$  with separately continuous multiplication (in short lpca) the topology  $\tau$  of which has been given by a family  $\{|.|_i : i \in I\}$  of  $p_i$ -homogeneous semi-norms  $|.|_i$ , where  $0 < p_i \leq 1$  for each  $i \in I$ . In particular, when  $p = \inf p_i > 0$ , this lpca  $(E, \tau)$  is a *locally p-convex* algebra (in short l*p*-ca) that is, an lpca in which every  $p_i = p$ .

If for any  $x \in E$  there is a positive number M(x) such that<sup>1</sup>

(1) 
$$\max(|xy|_i, |yx|_i) \leq M(x)^{p_i} |y|_i$$

for each  $y \in E$  and  $i \in I$  (here M(x) depends only on x, but not on i), then an lpca  $(E, \tau)$  is a locally uniformly A-pseudoconvex algebra (in short luA-pca) and if every semi-norm  $|.|_i$  in the family  $\{|.|_i : i \in I\}$ is *submultiplicative*, that is,

$$|xy|_i \leqslant |x|_i |y|_i$$

for each  $x, y \in E$ , then an lpca  $(A, \tau)$  is a *locally multiplicatively* pseudoconvex (or locally m-pseudoconvex) algebra (in short lm-pca).

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