

SMOOTH POINTS OF ESSENTIALLY BOUNDED VECTOR FUNCTION SPACES

MANUEL FERNÁNDEZ AND ISIDRO PALACIOS

ABSTRACT. We characterize the smooth points of $L_\infty(X)$, where X is any normed space.

1. Introduction. Let X be a normed space and $x, y \in X$. The one-sided derivatives at $x \neq 0$ in the direction $y \neq 0$ are

$$D_X^\pm(x, y) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^\pm} \frac{\|x + hy\| - \|x\|}{h}.$$

Both limits always exist and, if they have the same value, we write $D_X(x, y) = D_X^+(x, y) = D_X^-(x, y)$. It is easy to see that this is equivalent to saying: For every $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists $\delta > 0$ such that $0 < h < \delta$ implies $\|x + hy\| + \|x - hy\| < 2\|x\| + \varepsilon h$.

We say that $x \neq 0$ is *smooth*, if $D(x, y)$ exists, for every $y \in S_X$, where S_X denotes the unit sphere of X , or equivalently, if there is a unique norm-one functional $x^* \in X^*$, the topological dual of X , such that $x^*(x) = \|x\|$ [1, page 179]. Since $D_X(tx, y) = D_X(x, y)$ for $t > 0$, we can restrict our attention to the smooth points of S_X .

Deeb and Khalil [3] have characterized the smooth points of the Lebesgue-Bochner spaces $L_p(I, X)$, $1 \leq p < \infty$, when I has finite measure and X has a separable dual. Cerda, Hudzik and Mastyló [2] characterize the smooth points of the Köthe-Bochner space $E(X)$, if X is real with separable dual, E is order continuous, and the norm of E^* is strictly monotonic. In this paper we characterize the smooth points of $L_\infty(X)$. In contrast to the $L_p(I, X)$, $1 \leq p < \infty$, it is worth noticing that the smoothness of $x \in L_\infty(X)$ does not imply the smoothness of $x(t) \in X$ for almost every $t \in T$.

Let (T, Σ, μ) be a complete, positive measure space and X a normed space. The function $x : T \rightarrow X$ is said to be *simple* if there

Received by the editors on October 15, 1997, and in revised form on September 30, 1998.

1991 AMS *Mathematics Subject Classification*. 46B20.

Key words and phrases. Smooth points.

Copyright ©2000 Rocky Mountain Mathematics Consortium