

ON PANTOGRAPH INTEGRO-DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

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ABSTRACT. The paper discusses the initial-value problem for the pantograph integro-differential equation, including as special cases the retarded functional-differential equation studied by Ockendon and Tayler [17], Kato and MacLeod [11] and the neutral differential equation studied by Kuang and Feldstein [12]. The main subjects of this paper are well-posedness of the initial-value problem, monotonicity and oscillation of the solution, unboundedness of the solution, and asymptotic stability of the solution, subject to different conditions.

1. Introduction. Let a be a complex constant and $\mu(q)$ and $\nu(q)$ complex-valued functions of bounded variation on $[0, 1]$. The initial-value problem for pantograph integro-differential equations to be studied in this paper is of the form

$$(1.1) \quad \begin{aligned} y'(t) = & ay(t) + \int_0^1 y(qt) d\mu(q) \\ & + \int_0^1 y'(qt) d\nu(q), \quad t > 0, \quad y(0) = y_0 \end{aligned}$$

where the integrals being considered are of Riemann-Stieltjes type, although most results of this paper still hold if $\mu(q)$ and $\nu(q)$ are replaced by complex-valued measures on $[0, 1]$. The term *pantograph* comes from Ockendon and Tayler [17] and Iserles [7].

The pantograph integro-differential equation includes many interesting equations studied before. In the case $d\mu(q) = b\delta(q - p)dq$, $d\nu(q) \equiv 0$, where $p \in (0, 1)$ and $\delta(\cdot)$ is a Dirac function, problem (1.1) can be written as

$$(1.2) \quad y'(t) = ay(t) + by(pt), \quad t > 0, \quad y(0) = y_0,$$

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