AFFINE ISOPERIMETRIC INEQUALITIES FOR L_p -INTERSECTION BODIES

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ABSTRACT. An L_p -analog of the Busemann intersection inequality and an L_p -dual analog of the L_p -Petty projection inequality for the L_p -intersection body ($p \leq -1$) are established. Moreover, the Busemann-Petty problem is studied and inequalities for the volume of an L_p -intersection body ($p \leq -1$) are proved.

1. Introduction. Intersection bodies were first explicitly defined and named by Lutwak in the important paper [11]. The closure of the class of intersection bodies was studied by Goody et al. [8]. The intersection operator and the class of intersection bodies played a critical role in Zhang's [20] and Gardner's [5] solution of the famous Busemann-Petty problem. (See also Gardner et al. [7].) The study of projection bodies has a long and complicated history. Projection bodies go back to Minkowski [6, 19]. An extensive article that details this is by Bolker [1]. After the appearance of Bolker's article, projection bodies have received considerable attention, see, e.g., [2, 6, 10, 19]. As Lutwak [11] shows (and as is further elaborated in Gardner's book [6]), there is a duality between projection and intersection bodies. A number of important results regarding these notions were proved, in particular, two fundamental inequalities: the Busemann intersection inequality ([3]) and the Petty projection inequality ([17]).

In recent years Lutwak in [12, 13], using Firey's p-sum [4], extended the Brunn-Minkowski theory to the so called L_p -Brunn-Minkowski theory. In the L_p -Brunn-Minkowski theory, Lutwak, Yang and Zhang introduced the notion of the L_p -projection body and established the following L_p -Petty projection inequality (1.1), see [15].

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