A STUDY ON QUASI POWER INCREASING SEQUENCES

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ABSTRACT. In the present paper, using a quasi β -power increasing sequence instead of an almost increasing sequence, a result of Bor and Seyhan [5] concerning the $\varphi-|C,\alpha|_k$ summability factors has been proved under weaker conditions. Also, this theorem generalizes some well-known results.

1. Introduction. A positive sequence (b_n) is said to be almost increasing if there exists a positive increasing sequence c_n and two positive constants A and B such that $Ac_n \leq b_n \leq Bc_n$, see [1]. Let (φ_n) be a sequence of complex numbers, and let $\sum a_n$ be a given infinite series with partial sums (s_n) . We denote by z_n^{α} and t_n^{α} the nth Cesàro means of order α , with $\alpha > -1$, of the sequence (s_n) and (na_n) , respectively, i.e.,

(1)
$$z_n^{\alpha} = \frac{1}{A_n^{\alpha}} \sum_{v=0}^n A_{n-v}^{\alpha-1} s_v,$$

(2)
$$t_n^{\alpha} = \frac{1}{A_n^{\alpha}} \sum_{v=1}^n A_{n-v}^{\alpha-1} v a_v,$$

where

(3)
$$A_n^{\alpha} = O(n^{\alpha}), \quad \alpha > -1, \quad A_0^{\alpha} = 1 \text{ and } A_{-n}^{\alpha} = 0 \text{ for } n > 0.$$

The series $\sum a_n$ is said to be summable $\varphi - |C, \alpha|_k$, $k \ge 1$ and $\alpha > -1$, if (see [2])

(4)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\varphi_n(z_n^{\alpha} - z_{n-1}^{\alpha})|^k < \infty.$$

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